THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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SPIRITED

Discussion Created by the Naval Reserve Bill in the Senate.

Boer War Question is Raised

By Senator Hale Who Asks the President Whether or Not the British Exact Duties on Supplies for the Prisioners.

Washington, Jan. 16—A spirited discussion was precipitated in the senate by some remarks submitted by Mr Hale, of Maine, in respect to bills relating to the formation of a naval reserve which he introduced. He took strong ground against the organization of a naval reserve, his comments being construed by some of the senators into a reflection upon volunteer soldiers and land militia. Half a dozen senators were on their feet in an instant to defend the volunteers and the national guard of the various states, and the debate took so wide a range that senators went back in their references to the days of the revolutionary war to seek illustrations for their arguments While no action was possible at this time, it is likely that the discussion upon the measures, should they be reported, will be very lively.

Mr Hale was of opinion that the United States was not likely, as a nation, to take much interest in the militia forces either of the land or of the sea. In time of stress he was certain that the country would be obliged to depend upon volunteers, called out in an emergency, or upon some form of compulsory service. England, he said, had "learned this lesson from her smallest and wickedest war" Mr Hale declared that England was about to resort to conscription to raise men to fight "a band of freemen thousands of miles away" It had been proved, he said, that naval militia was not a success. "If we have determined that we are to become a great war power, with a great army and a great navy, no system of volunteering will answer the purpose"

At the conclusion of the discussion Mr Hoar introduced the following resolution: "That the president, if in his judgment it be not incompatible with the public interest, be requested to inform the senate whether the department of state had any official information whether the British government exacts duties on goods intended for prisoners of war in Bermuda, in violation of article sixteen of the convention adopted at The Hague, which is as follows: 'Gifts and relief in kind for prisoners of war shall be admitted free of all duties of entry and others, as well as of payments for carriage by the government railways.'" In explanation of his resolution Mr Hoar said that some charitable organizations in this country had sent supplies and comforts to Boer prisoners detained in Bermuda. Upon these supplies duties had been collected in contravention of The Hague treaty. He desired merely to ascertain whether the state department had been informed of the situation.

Pension Bill Passed.

Washington, Jan 16. — The house passed the pension appropriation bill, which has been under discussion for three days, and then adjourned until Saturday. The resolution prepared by the special committee on the McKinley memorial exercises, providing for an address by the secretary of state, John Hay, in the hall of representatives, Feb 27, was adopted

Representative Babcock introduced a perfected bill intended to put all the products of the steel trust either on the free list, or to reduce the tariff so much that the difference in price here and abroad will be equalized. The measure presented is, Mr Babcock believes free from the objections to the bill in reduced by him

IN A GOLDEN CHARIOT

Drawn by Eight Cream Horses Rode the King and Queen.

King Edward Opened Parliament With a Grand Pagent and Expressed Regret That the War was Not Concluded.

London Jan 16—The initial opening of Parliment by King Edward today was a grand pagent The buildings no stands all along the route of the procession were filled with a fashionable throng The royal procession left Marlborough House at 1 30, Edward and Queen riding in a royal golden coach drawn by eight cream horses and were wildly cheered by the crowds The royal cavalcade was met under Victoria tower by a score of titled equerries, stewards and ushers, sword of state. Other notables were carrying other parts of the royal regalia. A blare of trumpets announced the entrance of the royal party to the house of lords Everybody rose and bowed low. The King assisting the Queen mounted the throne other members taking chairs on the right and left of the throne Black Rod walked to commons, summoned members in King's name. The speaker followed by chosen members, entered the house of lords without the usual scrimmage, as four hundred commoners had been ruled out The common speaker and King exchanged salutations and the King read his speech.

Edward's speech was rather long, but perfunctory He regretted that the war in South Africa was not concluded.

AGAINST OLEO.

Judge Springer Wants Adverse Legislation.

Washington, Jan 16—Judge Wm. M Springer, general counsel of the National Live Stock Association, appeared before the House committee on agriculture today urging legislation aimed at the suppression of the oleomargerine traffic.

East Liberty Markets.

East Liberty, Jan. 16—Cattle fair, unchanged; hogs light, slow; sheep fair, steady.

The Weather.

Washington, Jan. 16—Ohio, partly cloudy tonight; colder in northern portion Friday, fair.

ANOTHER

Distinguished Foreigner is Coming to America.

New York, Jan. 16—A special dispatch to the Staats Seitung from Berlin this morning anncunces that Count Von Waldersee and his wife are coming to this country in April The Countess Van Waldersee is an American woman and comes to visit relatives in this country. The Count is a distinguished soldier. He commanded the Allied armies in China.

Live Stock Market.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Cattle 115,000, weak to lower; hogs 32,000; 10 to 15 cents lower; sheep 21,000, firm.

MEMORIAL

Tribute to the Martyred President

Voted for by the Senate of Ohio Legislature.

The Fifty-Ninth Anniversary of McKinley's Birth, the Date Selected for the Holding of Services.

Columbus, O Jan. 16—The senate committee on McKinley memorial, of which Senator Hosea of Hamilton is chairman presented its report, which was approved by a rising vote. Memorial services will be held in the hall of the house of representatives at 2 30 p m Wednesday, Jan. 29, the fifty-ninth anniversary of William McKinley's birth. The Ohio senators, the congressmen, the governor and other leading men will be invited to participate in these exercises A bill was introduced appropriating $200,000 for an Ohio exhibit at the St Louis exposition in 1903 Adjournment was taken to Jan. 20.

SMALL POX IN OHIO.

Secretary Probst Makes His Annual Report.

Columbus, Jan. 16 — Secretary Probst, of the state board of health made his report today on smallpox in Ohio during the past year The report stated that there were 4037 cases and 19 deaths

FIGHTING

Bob Evans is Given the Commission.

Of Preparing the Elaborate Naval Display

That Will Attend the Reception to be Accorded Prince Henry Upon His Arrival Off New York.

Washington Jan 16 — Senator Long called Rear Admiral Robert J Evans into consultation respecting the coming visit to the United States of Prince Henry of Germany The rear admiral has not yet received written orders detailing him to act as the representative of the navy at the reception, but that matter has been agreed upon, and Secretary Long charged Admiral Evans with the preparation of a naval program for the reception. In view of the number of distinguished officers who are now reported to be about to accompany the prince on his visit, it is evident that Admiral Evans will require the assistance of a number of junior officers.

Railway Employes.

San Francisco, Jan 16—The Brotherhood of Railway Employes has decided that Chicago shall be its future headquarters, and decided to hold its next annual convention there in May, 1904 It was also decided to place an organization in the following cities: Portland, San Francisco, Albuquerque, Omaha, Helena, Kansas City, Denver, Fort Worth, Aberdeen, St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis, Little Rock, New Orleans, Indianapolis, Columbus, Nashville, Atlanta, Washington, Pittsburg, New York city, Boston, Montreal and Winnipeg

Children Left Alone.

St. Louis, Jan 16—John and Henry Kander, aged respectively four and two years, sons of Stephen Kander of East St. Louis, perished as the result of a fire that destroyed their home The parents had left the children alone in the house, and when they returned they found John, who was stricken with scarlet fever several days before, in bed suffocated. The other child was burned to death. The bodies of both children were rescued by a fireman, who was almost suffocated.

Killed at a Crossing.

Fort Scott, Kan., Jan. 16.—Charles L. Chapman, proprietor of the Pittsburg foundry and machine works, with plants at Pittsburg and Iola, Kan., was killed at a grade crossing, being knocked down by an engine on the 'Frisco and dragged for a distance of 100 feet. His head and limbs were severed from his body.

Hanna and Beveridge.

Springfield, O., Jan. 16.—It is announced that Senator Hanna and Senator Beveridge will speak at the Ohio Republican league banquet here on Feb. 12.

CUBAN

Reciprocity Given a Hearing.

Its Advocates

Speak Before Ways and Means Committee.

The Cuban Industries Were Represented by Able Speakers.

Continuation of the Present Conditions Will Force the Island Into Annexation is the Opinion of Some.

Washington, Jan. 16. — Hearings were continued before the ways and means committee on subject of Cuban reciprocity Cuban industries were represented by Messrs. Place Mendoza, Dumois and Francke, chosen by commercial organizations in various parts of the island. The American interests engaged in sugar production in Cuba were represented by Edwin F Atkins, spokesman for an organization controlling a large part of the sugar production of the island, Hugh Kelly of New York and John F Craig of Philadelphia. William Haywood was present in behalf of the Hawaiian sugar planters and Henry T Oxnard for the domestic beet sugar interests.

Mr. Atkins expressed strong opposition to any system of drawback. He said that the Havemeyer sugar interests were small and exercised no controlling influence. He said that if present conditions continued Cuba probably would become so desperate as to be forced into annexation.

Mr. Louis Place, a merchant of Havana, and head of the Cuban delegation, presented the case from the Cuban standpoint. At present he said, Cuba was buying large quantities of foreign goods, and if reciprocity was brought about with the United States, Cuba would buy American cotton goods, wine and many other articles now bought abroad He believed this market in Cuba would amount to $250 000 000 within two years.

Francis B Thurber of the United States Export association said that the primary consideration was one of good faith on the part of the United States to Cuba. Hugh Kelley of New York, who has large sugar holdings in Cuba, said that as an American he urged that reciprocal concessions be made He believed that if there was no reciprocity Cuba would ask for annexation If this occurred the voice of the American people would be for admitting the island William R. Coerwine of the Merchants' Association of New York also favored reciprocity.

Mr. Mendosa of the Cuban delegation pictured the distress if present conditions were continued, and said the loss on the sugar crop of the island this year would approximate $12,000,000. He strongly favored the free admission of sugar, and reciprocal concessions on American goods entering Cuba.

REQUEST

For a New Legation Building in Korea Received.

Washington, Jan. 16 — Secretary Hay has sent to the house of representatives a request for a legation building at Seoul, Korea, to cost $40,000. A letter from Minister Allen, which accompanies the request, presents some interesting and amusing facts. He says that the ceilings of the present quarters are six feet six inches from the floor, while he is six feet two inches tall. When he stands at the front door his silk hat touches the eaves. He says our quarters are a disgrace to the country

SISTER

Called to See the Prisoner and was Wounded.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 16.—When Miss Mary Huskinson of Knoxville went to the jail to see her brother, who is held for an alleged assault with intent to murder, Mack Rittenbery, the warden, who was sitting on a high stool writing, jumped to the floor to accompany Miss Huskinson, when, it is said, his pistol fell from his hip pocket to the floor and was discharged, the ball passing through the calf of one of Miss Huskinson's legs.

SCHLEY

Declaaed the Rightful Hero

Of the Naval Victory That Was Won at Santiago.

Resolutions Adopted by Unanimous Vote of the Mississippi Legislature—Majority of Court Condemned.

Jackson, Miss., Jan 16. — Both houses of the legislature unanimously adopted a resolution declaring Rear Admiral Schley to be the rightful hero of the battle off Santiago, "and entitled to the unfailing gratitude of his country." The resolution indorses the report of Admiral Dewey in the Schley court of inquiry, and condemns the majority report of the other members constituting the court By the same resolution the legislature extends a cordial invitation to Admiral Schley to visit Jackson and receive "public manifestation of the exalted respect, confidence and admiration in which he is held by people of Mississippi"

INDIANA

Woman Adopts the Plan of Carrie Nation.

Anderson, Ind, Jan. 16.—Mrs. John Green went this morning to a Main street saloon, owned by Geo Morgan and taking a large broom proceeded to wreck the place after the manner of Carrie Nation Her husband is in the habit of visiting the saloon.

WEALTHY

Men of the Nation are Not Found

Among Those Who Made Contributions

To the McKinley Memorial Fund—Statement is Made by Myron T. Herrick, Treasurer of the Fund.

Cleveland, Jan 16.—Colonel Myron T. Herrick treasurer of the McKinley Memorial association and president of the American Bankers' association, said "There have been practically no contributions to the McKinley memorial fund from the men of wealth, or those at the head of our great commercial and manufacturing institutions, much to my surprise. They have left the building of this memorial to the wage-earners in factories, shops and stores, and to the school children, who are not faltering in this movement to express their love and confidence in William McKinley Those men of means who should contribute seem to have delayed or forgotten"

Miners Killed.

Clarksville Ark, Jan. 16.—Thomas Johnson was instantly killed and John Frazier fatally injured in the Pigg & Collier coal mines at Spadra. The men were working in the mines and the accident was the result of a blast.

Business Portion Burned.

Guthrie, O. T, Jan 16—The entire business portion of Arapahoe, the county seat of Custer county, was destroyed by fire Loss $50 000.

High School In Ruins.

Kentland, Ind, Jan 16—The Kentland high school building was totally destroyed by fire Loss, $25,000; insurance. $12,000.

THE MEAT OF IT.

Haps and Mishaps In Paragraphs Cut to the Core.

A. W. Patton, millionaire paper manufacturer, died at Appleton, Wis.

Reported abroad that Emperor William of Germany will visit the United States next autumn.

Building occupied by the Premium shirt factory, St. Louis, destroyed by fire. Loss $200,000.

Body of Sturgess E. Jones, a prominent attorney, found in the Ohio river at Huntington, W. Va.

Postmasters appointed: Frank M. Fisher at Paducah, Ky., and W. L. Erwin at Harper's Ferry, W. Va.

Engineer J. E. Sible leaped from his locomotive on the Wabash near Peru, Ind., and was killed. Thought switch was turned.

Michael and John Fisher, brothers, suffocated by gas while at work in the blast furnace of the Tidewater Steel company, Chester, Pa.

BATTLE

Between Officers and a Desperate Gang of Outlaws Fought.

Sheriff and Deputy Shot Down

And Their Dead Bodies Robbed by the Desperadoes. Posse of One Hundred Men are Now in Pursuit. Record of the Crime.

Guthrie, O. T, Jan 16.—Sheriff Frank Smith and his deputy, George Beck, were killed by highwaymen in the vicinity of Anadarko, the home of the officers. A posse of 100 men started immediately on the trail of the murderers, but no arrests have been reported. The posse expects a fierce fight before the men are taken. Sheriff Smith was appointed from Norman, Okla., where he had been on the sheriff's and marshal's forces a number of years. A number of murders and robberies are charged to the gang that murdered the officers.

Sheriff Smith and Deputy Beck met death while storming an Indian hut eight miles west of Anadarko Highwaymen on Sunday night had held up and robbed persons going home from church, and Smith and Beck accompanied by Deputy Briggs, located the robbers in the hut. In attempting to enter Smith was shot through the breast and died in a few minutes. Beck also was shot through the breast and his left arm was shattered Briggs was not injured The highwaymen robbed the dead bodies of the officers and then fled. Sheriff Smith made a dying effort to arrest the robbers, and shot several times through the door and walls after being wounded Beck continued the fight until killed

Charged With Robbery

New Orleans, Jan 16—George I. Kline of St. Louis and Robert L. West of Cincinnati were arrested across the river, charged with robbing the trunk of T E Manners of Chicago of about $2,500 worth of jewelry. They are alleged to have represented themselves as Manners and another guest at the St Charles paid the bills and left with the baggage They crossed the river in a skiff and were caught before the train came on which they expected to leave, through the watchfulness of a newsboy who had read the story in the newspapers. Later in the day Manners went over to identify the property, and Kline accused him of being a thief under an alias The whole affair had a queer look Manners was also arrested. The police suspect he is Kerns, the New York jewelry thief, and Chief of Detectives Titus of New York sent a telegram here which strengthens the idea. Manners claims that he is, with his father, in the pawn brokerage business in Chicago.

Kline makes the direct charge that Manners is Kern. The police say the description fits exactly, except that the man here has no scar on his cheek Manners claims that he will have no difficulty in proving that he is a Chicago jewelry salesman

Was It Murder and Robbery?

Pittsburg Jan. 16—Neighbors made the discovery of a terrible tragedy at 1709 Spring alley A family named Visolek, Polish, was found horribly beaten with a rail cutter. A woman, Rosa Lak was dead, the supposed husband, Vincenzo Visolek dying, and three small children badly cut and bruised The father and children were taken to the hospital, where they lie unconscious The children are Della, Frank and Anna Visolek, aged respectively 8, 5 and 2 years Physicians say they can not recover Visolek, it is said, was not married to the woman The latter had $1,200 in cash in her possession, and the money is missing Three Polish boarders at the Visolek house have been placed under arrest.

Mafia Victim.

Dubois, Pa Jan 16—Michael Portolis, an Italian, who was found in a deserted shanty on the Flats with more than 40 knife wounds in his body, is at the hospital in a critical condition. Through an interpreter Portolis told the police that members of the Mafia society sought his life. He was attacked by five men, hacked in a frightful manner, and only the assurance by one of them that he was dead prevented them from cutting off his head. He was conscious during the assault and named his assailants. They have all fled.

METEOR

Hurled to the Earth in Kansas.

The Concussion Made Report Like Thunder,

And Residents of the Vicinity in Wuich it Struck Were Panic Stricken — Illumination Seen for Miles.

Beaver City, Neb, Jan. 16.—The sky last night was illuminated by a brilliant meteor, which passed across the heavens in a southwesterly direction. When it struck the earth the concussion sounded like thunder. Those who saw it say that it appeared as large as a football. Many who were in their homes or business places and did not see its passage thought it to be a slight earthquake shock. Railroad men on trains from the west report that the meteor struck the earth near Atwood, Kan, and that the people in that vicinity were panic-stricken.

Will Plead Insanity.

Muncie, Ind, Jan. 16.—The remains of Mrs. Charles Pittser, murdered by her jealous husband, were sent to her home in Middletown. Pittser was bound over to the circuit court on the charge of murder, being refused permission to see his wife. The young man swooned away three times in jail, and a physician has been with him most of the time The plea of insanity will be made his defense.

Double Tragedy.

Chicago, Jan. 16—John Hampton, prominent in negro church circles, shot and killed Mrs. Rosolia Evans here and then drank several ounces of carbolic acid, dying shortly after Both were colored. It is said that the deed was prompted by the fact that Mrs Evans refused to receive the attentions of Hampton.

RATHBONE

Lived Like a Lord in Havana

And the Expense was Paid from Postal Funds.

Says the Postmaster General Rode in His Cab and Suggested the Purchase of a Uniform for the Cabby.

Havana, Jan. 16.—When the trial of the charges growing out of the Cuban postoffice frauds was resumed here, Estes G. Rathbone, pay director of the posts of Cuba, was examined on the matter of having paid for furnishing his official residence in El Cerro, Havana, from the postal accounts. Rathbone said that he believed that such bills should be so charged, that all vouchers for furnishing this official residence were indorsed, and that all the furnishing were accounted for and afterward returned to the government. He said the salary of his coachman was paid from the postal funds, and that when ex-Postmaster General Smith came to Havana he rode in Rathbone's carriage, and that at Smith's suggestion he (Rathbone) bought a uniform for his coachman from the postal funds The government has disallowed these accounts, charging them against Rathbone.

Gold in West Virginia.

Elkins, W. Va., Jan. 16.—There is excitement in this vicinity and land values have risen as the result of the discovery of ore containing gold, silver and lead on the farm of Isaiah Isner. Washington experts pronounce the ore valuable.

Grain and Pork.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Closing May wheat 80¼; corn 63⅝; oats 44⅝; pork 16.67.

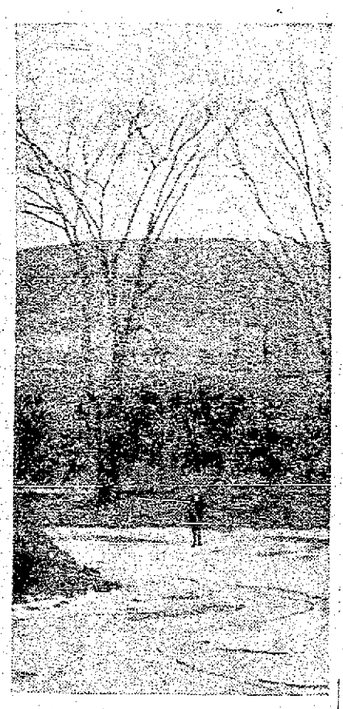
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

M'KINLEY MEMORIALS

Work of National Association In Perpetuating Memory of Martyred President

The site of the memorial tomb to President McKinley has been decided upon by the McKinley National Memorial association, which is now raising funds to erect the memorial. The site will be the mound in a remote section of Westlawn cemetery at Canton, O., which Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, one of the trustees of the association, pronounced "the finest spot out of doors in all the world."

This mound is about seventy-five feet high and rises in a gentle slope from



M'KINLEY MOUND, PROPOSED SITE OF MONUMENT.

the little stream at its foot. A carriage drive lies at its base. Another mounts the hill and encircles it. About five acres will be used. Westlawn cemetery itself is only sixty-five acres in extent. It is well diversified, however, and has a goodly share of rolling ground. Its many natural beauties have been wisely preserved, and all the improvements have been along harmonious lines. It is especially rich in noble and impressive oak trees. Considering its size and unpretentiousness, it is a little gem of a cemetery.

The mound is not only the highest bit of land in the cemetery, but the dominant point in the surrounding landscape. Canton, two miles away, practically lies at its foot, and the memorial tomb will be distinctly visible from there. It overlooks the entire cemetery, and within its shadow lie the graves of the little McKinley girls, Katie and Ida, whose death in babyhood gave their parents a lasting sorrow. It was always his wish to lie quietly beside them, but from his lofty memorial they will still be under his protection.

In the same lot Mr. McKinley's father and mother lie buried. Their graves are just in the rear of the children's tiny mounds. They are marked only by simple headstones, characteristic in this very simplicity of the strong, unpretentious natures which lie beneath and to whom William McKinley owed so much.

The character of the monument and its size will depend upon the final result of the offerings, which so far have been of an extremely generous nature. It will be, however, worthy of the man and the nation which honors him in its architecture and symbolism.

The McKinley Memorial association has its headquarters in Cleveland. It has twenty-one trustees, all warm friends of President McKinley and appointed by President Roosevelt at the

RYERSON RITCHIE.
[Secretary McKinley Memorial association.]

expressed desire of Mrs. McKinley. Its officers are William R. Day, Canton, O., president; Marcus A. Hanna, vice president; Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland, treasurer, and Ryerson Ritchie, Cleveland, secretary. It seeks to have the memorial the free will offering of all the people and wishes many contributions rather than a few large ones. It has no connection with any business enterprises and especially warns the public against any claiming such sanction.

Until the memorial tomb is completed the remains of President McKinley will lie in the receiving vault where they were placed the day of the funeral. A squad of forty-five United States regulars under the command of Captain W. A. Biddle guard this vault night and day.

The plan of the association is to make the memorial in the highest sense the sincere expression of all the people of the country of their love for the martyred president and of their admiration for the qualities expressed so eminently in his life and deeds.

The purposes of the association, as defined in its certificate of incorporation, are the erection and maintenance at Canton, O., of a suitable memorial to the late president and raising the necessary funds for those purposes, and after fully providing therefor the surplus of such funds, if any, is to be devoted to such memorial as may be provided at the national capital.

The association will distribute to all donors to the fund a souvenir certificate which will be worthy of preservation as evidence of participation in the work. By a resolution passed by the American Bankers' association all banks have been designated depositories for subscriptions. All postmasters will receive and forward moneys and all express companies will issue money orders free of charge. In every case the name and address of the subscriber should be forwarded to the treasurer, Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland, O., for preservation in the permanent archives of the association and in order that souvenir certificates may be forwarded.

Besides the memorial tomb in Canton the late president's memory will be conserved in many parts of the country by enduring tributes to his life and character. A bill has been presented to the national congress which is sure to become a law which provides for a commission to select a site and secure plans for a memorial arch in his honor to be erected in the District of Columbia. The commission is authorized to select any unoccupied land belonging to the United States in the District except in the grounds of the capitol and Library of Congress and to erect thereon an arch commemorative of the late chief executive. Plans and specifications are to be asked from competing artists and the sum of $25,000 appropriated for such competition.

M'KINLEY BURIAL PLOT.
[From photo taken in Canton cemetery.]

In Philadelphia the main corridor of the postoffice will soon be adorned by a bronze bust of McKinley by Edward L. Pausch, the sculptor engaged by the United States government to take the death mask at Buffalo. This will cost $2,500 and is the result of the efforts of the postoffice employees.

Citizens of Austin, Tex., have arranged to purchase a tract of 100 acres for a park to be consecrated to his memory.

At Tower, Minn., a memorial shaft has already been raised and unveiled. It is of iron, resting on a granite foundation, and was erected by the miners and lumbermen of Tower and Sowdan.

Even faraway Hawaii has not forgotten to lay its wreath of laurel on his untimely grave, and its people have decided to build a monument in Honolulu that shall fitly show their admiration for the man and at the same time express their loyalty to the government he represented.

But it is in the peaceful and modest cemetery of Westlawn, on the mound that overlooks the town of Canton, whose chief glory he was and where he expressed a desire to repose, that his countrymen will erect the tomb that will contain his ashes. Perhaps if his wishes could be consulted he would prefer a simple headstone, such as mark the graves of his parents. He owed much to these sturdy, unpretentious people and would have raised a towering monument above them, but he obeyed their wish and bestowed on them for their last sleep only the simple dignity they preferred.

Woman's World

A WOMAN ADVANCE AGENT.

Hustle and Tact Are the Qualities That Brought Her Success.

The original and, it is said, the only woman advance agent now on the road is Miss Jack Wesley Walker, who does all the advance billing and advertising for Innes' band. Miss Walker is a bright and attractive young woman of twenty-four and has made such a success in her chosen vocation that she is able to support her mother in comfort in a pleasant apartment in the Jerome, in West One Hundred and Sixteenth street.

"How did you come to start in such a business?" was the first question asked Miss Walker by a reporter.

"Quite naturally," she replied. "I was for several years in newspaper work, at one time on the New Orleans Harlequin, which was devoted to the-

MISS JACK WESLEY WALKER.

atrical news. I formed a large acquaintance among theatrical people that way and was often asked to accept such a position before I did so.

"I like the people and the work more and more every day. I like to travel, and I am a hustler. It invigorates me all the time to know that I am competing with men and that I must be just as good a 'man' as any of them to make a showing.

"The necessary qualities? Hustle and tact. Lots of hustle and tact all the time. Hard work is the first requisite of course. It is in any business."

"Where did you get the name 'Jack?'"

"Why, my father gave it to me. I was named after him, 'John Wesley Walker,' but it's hard to make people believe it. Father was a captain in an Indiana regiment during the war of the rebellion, and I am proud of my name. 'Jack' seems a little more feminine, so I am called that mostly."

But for all her masculine attainments Miss Walker is not in the least mannish. She is a good natural musician and an amateur actress of ability.—New York World.

The Queen Out of Mourning.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra have had their last mourning photos taken. The official term of grief has expired, and their majesties will hereafter be taken in the ermine and the purple, but not in black.

The queen has now laid aside her veil of crape, upon which the crown posed so jauntily in the spring and summer, and now she wears the most beautiful costumes in various colors, though for the most part in gray, as her majesty is very partial to that shade. The king will hereafter don his army uniform or wear citizen's clothes, as may please him, but the heavy dead black of mourning will not be seen.

The last mourning photo of their majesties shows them in full regalia, but with the weeds upon them. The king, ever gallant, holds the queen's fingers in his own, and the queen stands just a little in the background, as befits a consort. Her majesty is sweet faced as ever, but a trifle thin. Though a woman past middle life, she still holds her own and is now, as she has been for the past generation, the prettiest royal lady in Europe. Their mourning picture is to be perpetuated in a beautiful painting to be immediately executed by the court painter.

How About This?

"Isn't it strange," said the observant young woman, "that you almost never see a woman the back of whose head is beautiful who has a pretty face? I don't know how many times I have seen women the back of whose heads were covered with pretty rippling, wavy masses of hair, dressed so delightfully that I have taken great pains to get a view of the face of the owner, only to be disappointed. The woman is either old or noticeably plain. Perhaps pretty women are so pleased with the reflection of their faces in the mirror that they can't give the time to arrangement of the back of the head, or the plain woman may dislike so much to look at her face that she turns her attention to her hair, from which it is possible to bring about satisfactory results. But if you don't believe me just notice, and see if it isn't the exception which proves the rule when a woman has a back head view which is attractive and an equally pleasing face."—New York Times.

Tiaras For the Coronation.

One firm of manufacturers of artificial jewelry in this city is now at work on eight tiaras ordered by women of

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

title in England to be worn at the coronation ceremonies in London next spring. The orders were sent here through the London branch of the concern and came to New York because the workmen imported by the firm from France are the most expert that could be found there.

The orders came from women who do not own the kind of tiaras that they thought suitable to the coronation festivities or owned none at all. They will be able by an expenditure of several hundred dollars to get a tiara which will look enough like one with genuine jewels that would cost several times as many thousands to pass in a crowd.

The extent to which artificial jewels are worn is scarcely understood. Not long ago a wealthy American woman married to an Englishman of title was robbed in London of a famous chain of alternating pearls and diamonds, supposed to have cost nearly $30,000. The chain was never recovered, and her husband gave her another. As a matter of fact he gave her another imitation chain just as the other had been. The genuine chain had for a long time reposed in a bank beyond the reach of ordinary thieves. It is in this way that the false jewelry is most worn. Many women in this city have false replicas of their most costly pieces.—New York Letter.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Patterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, corner Main and North streets.

Women In Business Abroad.

The head of the Prussian state railways has announced that for the future as many women as possible will be employed by them in those posts suitable for women. They will hold positions at the ticket offices, telegraph offices, be telephone clerks at the counting offices and at the goods offices. In Prussia a great number of women are already employed in various government posts, and each year sees fresh openings made for them. In Germany there are numbers of women dentists as well as doctors, and many people prefer to have their teeth attended to by a woman, and children also seem less nervous when a woman attends to them. In spite of this, however, the women dentists are not so popular as women physicians. Many men dentists have women assistants, their patients finding this a pleasant arrangement, for, though the assistant does not actually stop the teeth, she is always in the room to help her employer.—London Times.

What Causes Headache.

Exhausted and irritable condition of the nervous system produce headaches. The cure is to restore the action of the nerves to their normal condition and give the heart tonic. Clinic Headache Wafers are just this cure; they act on the nerves and are a tonic to the heart. Absolutely harmless. 10 cents all druggists. 5

DEFIANT FILIPINOS.

General Funston Says They Won't Be Subdued In This Generation.

In conversation with a friend the other day at San Francisco as to the conditions of the islands Brigadier General Funston, according to the New York Journal, said:

"The situation in the Philippines is a knotty problem. Personally I do not think in the present generation it will be possible to bring the natives under the absolute control of a civil government.

"For the next two or three years I think it will be necessary to maintain a military force of 40,000 men in the Philippines to keep the insurrection down. After that, if there are no signs of trouble, I think that a force of 10,000 men will be enough to maintain order.

"The Filipinos as a rule do not bitterly hate the American people. They are, however, certainly not very fond of us. Nearly all of the educated Filipinos, the professional men and wealthy landowners, are agitators and schemers of the worst sort.

"They would not hesitate to embroil the Philippines with the United States for almost an indefinite period if by so doing they could gain their ends and secure the independence of the islands, thereby getting control of the various departments of the government, especially the finances, in order to give themselves an opportunity to steal."

YOU should know that Foley's Honey and Tar is absolutely the best for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Dealers are authorized to guarantee it to give satisfaction.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

HELP FOR BRAINY MEN

Andrew Carnegie's Plan For Scientific Research.

MANY INQUIRIES ALREADY MADE

Some Apply For Positions and Others Seek Assistance—Millionaire's Object Is to Aid Exceptional Men Lacking Means to Develop Their Ideas, Says Charles D. Walcott.

Charles D. Walcott, director of the United States geological survey and secretary of the incorporators of the Carnegie institute, in speaking the other day of the proposed institution said to a Washington representative of the Philadelphia Press:

"It is not to be a university in any sense, although the popular impression seems to be prevalent throughout the country that such is the case. Mr. Carnegie's purpose is to establish an institution where 'the exceptional man' and those who want to follow up some particular branch of scientific research may find ample opportunity and provision for following up such research.

"The institute will undoubtedly be equipped with competent instructors and laboratories in order to further such an end. The plan is to have an

CHARLES D. WALCOTT.
[Secretary of the Carnegie institute incorporators.]

administration building, but that matter must be left to the board of trustees. Just what they will do in the matter, however, is conjecture, pure and simple. They are all able men.

"Already I have commenced to receive letters from all parts of the world asking for positions and seeking the institution's aid along the various lines they suggest."

"Then it is the purpose of the Carnegie institute to aid certain individuals in perfecting inventions?" he was asked.

"Yes," continued the director, "that is exactly what clause 2 of the purposes of the institution means. It is as follows:

"'To discover the exceptional man in every department of study, whenever and wherever found, and enable him, by financial aid, to make the work for which he seems specially designed his life work.'

"To illustrate," continued the director, "Take the case of a man like Marconi, whose wireless telegraphy achievements have astounded the civilized world.

"If such a man wanted to carry on investigations and experiments along a certain line of invention or scientific research and did not have the means financially or otherwise to do so and applied to the Carnegie institute for help, he would undoubtedly get it. Of course there will of necessity have to be a committee appointed of men acknowledged to be thorough, practical scientists to examine into each particular case, otherwise the institution might find itself embarrassed by having a lot of cranks with freak inventions applying to it for assistance."

Director Walcott said that it would be the duty of the board of trustees at their meeting in Washington on Jan. 29 or at some future meeting to elect permanent officers of the institute and outline the work that it is to accomplish and methods to be employed in its conduct. He said that the officers of the institution would undoubtedly receive salaries, the amount of which, however, would have to be fixed by the board of trustees. "It is only proposed to use the interest of $10,000,000," he said, "in running the institution."

This money is available now, and the completion of the institute depends upon the manner in which the board of trustees facilitates its organization and future work. The director would not discuss the suggestion that has been made to place the institute on a site near Rosslyn, in Alexandria county, but said that all such matters would have to be left to the board of trustees.

He said in conclusion that those who had incorporated the institute would have nothing further to do with its conduct, as their existence ceased with the appointment of the board of trustees.

Figure Danced In the Dark at a Ball.

There was one entirely new and original figure at the society bachelors' ball just held in New York. The lights in the ballroom were extinguished, says the New York Journal, and the dancers tossed balls lighted electrically gleaming with colors—blue, red and yellow—back and forth over a tennis net stretched for the time across the room.

Kitchener's Electrical Engineers.

A volunteer company of electrical engineers is being prepared for active service in South Africa at the express wish, it is understood, of Lord Kitchener.

NEURALGYLINE FOR THE NERVES

ARE YOUR NERVES SHATTERED?

Are you on the brink of nervous prostration? Are your nerves all unstrung? Do you feel a general breaking down? It's no wonder! We Americans hustle too hard, we work too much and too long, we tax our nerve power to its greatest capacity. Nerves are not iron! They must give way under the great strain. Have yours not already done so? You can tell if yours have by those sleepless, restless nights you have, by those constant headaches you have and by your failing appetite. If you are one of those unfortunate creatures, why don't you try a box of NEURALGYLINE, the great nerve-builder!

IT RELIEVES THE MOST SERVERE CASES OF NEURALGIA AND ALL OTHER NERVE DISORDERS.

I have been a great sufferer from neuralgia. Neuralgyline has effected a permanent cure in my case.
MISS E. V. EVANS, Sistersville, W. Va

Have suffered for over a week with neuralgic pains in the head, unable to sleep and nearly crazed with pain. Thirty minutes after taking one Neuralgyline tablet I was completely cured.
MR. J. B. SIRK, St. Paul, Minn.

NEURALGYLINE is for sale at every first-class druggist's in this country and Canada. Sample free. Price per box, 25 cents.

Manufactured by THE NEURALGYLINE CO., WHEELING, W. VA.

For sale at the Enterprise Drug Store, 1st door south of court house.

BARGAIN!

Maple Syrup, per gallon (for a few days) : : 75c

James S. Smith,

'Phone 127. GROCER.

PAY YOUR DEBT - - - -

to nature, by caring for your teeth. Neglect brings in its wake, many painful results which could often be averted by immediate attention.

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Our examinations are FREE, our work the best and our prices the LOWEST in Lima.

J. K. Bannister & Co.,

Dentists, Opera House Block.

Office Hours Daily 8 to 5:30. Evenings 7 to 8. Sundays 9 to 12.

Cut this out and take it to Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner, and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

B

"I have decided to be a hospital nurse," said Amy. "I saw it stated that 75 per cent of the unmarried men fall in love and propose marriage to the women that nurse them through severe illness."

"I saw that statement, too," added Mabel; "but my recollection is that it said pretty nurses."—Stay Stories.

All druggists guarantees every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. nov-4m

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LEGAL NOTICE.

The undersigned receiver will sell at public auction to the higest bidder at the Commercial Bank at No. 145 north Main street in the city of Lima, Ohio, between the hours of 1 and 3 p. m. on Wednesday, January 22, A. D., 1902, the uncollected and desperate claims of the late partnership of Brooker and Courson, against various debtors thereof, a complete list of which is on file in the office of the Clerk of Courts of Allen county Ohio, in the case of Lewis M. Brooker vs. George W. Courson, being case No. 10729.

Terms of sale, cash.

FRANK E. BAXTER, Receiver.
Richie & Richie, Attorneys. 73-2wks

LEGAL NOTICE.

William F. Knoth, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 6th day of December A. D. 1901, Jessie S. Knoth filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio, against said defendant, in case No. 10880, praying for a divorce from said defendant, William F. Knoth, on grounds of extreme cruelty and gross neglect of duty and for alimony pendente lite, permanent alimony and for the custody of their minor child, and that he is required to make answer in said cause to said petition on or before the 18th day of February A. D. 1902 or judgment will be taken against him.

JESSIE S. KNOTH,
By J. D. Armstrong, her attorney.
Lima, Ohio, Jan. 7-6w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 10840. Page 75.
Ex. Doc. 14.
Sarah Potter Paine, plaintiff
vs.
Frank C. Parrott, et al., defendant.
Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the court of common pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

Saturday, February 8, 1902

between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situated in Perry township, Allen county, state of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Fifty-two (52) acres of land in the south part of the southwest quarter (¼) of section twenty-nine (29), township four (4) south, range seven (7) east, specifically described as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of the southwest quarter (¼), of section twenty-nine (29); running thence north on the west line of said quarter section, fifty-three and one half (53½) rods; thence east to the east line of said quarter section; thence south fifty-three and one half (53½) rods to the southeast corner of said quarter section; thence west on the south line of said quarter section to the place of beginning, containing fifty-three and one-third (53 1-3) acres of land, more or less, except therefrom that part conveyed by the said Anderson Parrott to the Ohio Southern Railway Company as and for a right of way, and comprising one and one-third (1 1-3) acres, and leaving in the tract so conveyed fifty-two (52) acres, more or less.

Appraised at $2500.00.
Terms of sale: Cash.

E. J. Parr,
Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.
Lima, Ohio, January 6, 1902. 4
HENDERSON & ROGERS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Lima, Ohio, Jan. 6-4t

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TURKO PILLS

FOR WEAK MEN AND WOMEN

This remedy has been in use by the Turkish and Hindo princes for centuries and was recently brought to this country by one of our most famous physicians. It is stronger than any other medicine known and the effects can be felt from the very first dose.

We are so absolutely certain of a cure in every case that a written guarantee on the following diseases is given with each purchase of six boxes at one time, paying $5.00; to refund money paid if not cured in 30 days.

Headache, Hysteria, Weak Memory, Wakefulness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Impotency, Loss of Power, all Wasting Diseases, Fits, Insanity, Varicocele, Paresis, Shrunken Organs and all effects of Self Abuse or Excesses.

Price, $1.00 or six boxes for $5.00. Sent prepaid by mail on receipt of price.

RANKIN DRUG CO.
Brown Bros.' Bldg. CHICAGO, ILL.

T. N. CUNNINGHAM, 136 N. Main St.
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Men, Women and Children to Buy

Pumps

At our Store. We have a fine assortment of

Iron, Wood and Chain Pumps.

All Pumps delivered and put in. Repair work promptly and carefully done. All work guaranteed.

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New 'Phone 748.
'Phone calls answered promptly.

54

EAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE. BARBER SHOP AND BATH ROOMS.

Hot, cold, Shower and vapor baths, Ladies' and children hair cutting done to order.

A. G. LUTZ, Prop.

3 FIRST-CLASS BARBERS
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BEST BATH ROOMS
in the city.
BANEY & SHEPARD,
Metropolitan Barber Shop.

T. Rheumatic HAS BEEN

SUCCESSFULLY tried by THOUSANDS of Rheumatic sufferers, who will testify to the merits of this great remedy. Now is the time, do not delay. Regulates the bowels, gives good appetite. A 5 weeks treatment $1.00. For sale by Melville Bros and T. N. Cunningham

George S. Mills
Architect
Toledo and Lima

Charles W. Dawson
Representative
305 Masonic Temple, Lima

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We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST, with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

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Real Estate and Loan Broker, Room 2 and 3, Hilmes Block.

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We have bargains in Real Estate and Oil Properties.
We also have City Properties and Farm Lands for rent.

H. B. LONGSWORTH & CO.
206½ NORTH MAIN STREET.
New phone 332

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT 4½ TO 5 per cent FROM ONE TO TEN YEARS, in sums of $300 and upward, on FARM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPERTY. Privilege of paying $100, or any multiple thereof, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE.
THE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Rooms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Block, Lima
Henderson & Rogers, Attorneys.

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Take the genuine, original
ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA
Made only by Madison Medicine Co., Madison, Wis. It keeps you well. Our trade mark cut on each package. Price, 35 cents. Never sold in bulk. Accept no substitute. Ask your druggist.
INCORPORATED 1892

THE FUTURE OF THE NEGRO.

The following from the pen of Hon. A. K. McClure, of Philadelphia, one of the most talented newspaper writers of America, is well worthy the perusal of every man who is interested in the great political questions of the country:

The negro race is entirely unrepresented in either branch of the present Congress, and I cannot recall a negro Senator, Representative, or state officer in any of the northern states. For the full period of a generation, with a single brief exception, the negro was represented in one or both branches of our national Legislature, but he is now retired and apparently without hope of reasserting himself as a factor in national legislation.

The story of the rise and fall of the negro in politics is one of the most interesting of the many strange chapters of our national history during the last generation. When reconstruction came, after the surrender of the Confederate army, only a few of the more radical leaders of the Republican party contemplated universal negro suffrage in the South, and had Lincoln lived it certainly would not have been attained. It was only when the strong Republican House and Senate came in direct conflict with President Johnson that it was found to be necessary to enfranchise the negro and disfranchise the Confederates to a large extent to accomplish reconstruction on a basis that promised the mastery of Republican power in the South. I believe that Lincoln would have reconstructed the South without universal negro suffrage and made a majority of the southern states Republican, but when the issue came between Congress and Johnson the radical element of the Republican leadership was doubly armed, by Johnson apostasy, in the effort to force universal suffrage in the South, and it created a political mastery whose record is one of the most fearful blemishes in the annals of the republic.

Disfranchised by Republicans.

Universal negro suffrage was first established in the District of Columbia, where Congress has supreme authority, and a territorial government organized with legislative authority chosen largely by the enfranchised freedmen. Every few years made it an imperative necessity for Congress to disfranchise the entire people of the District of Columbia, solely to escape the ignorant and profligate rule of the negro. I happened to be present in the gallery of the Senate when Senator Morton, the ablest all-around leader of the Republican party, made his final appeal against the passage of the bill repealing the right of suffrage in the District of Columbia. He was a man of broad, practical ideas, and he told the Senate in plain terms that the disfranchisement of the negro in the District of Columbia would be but the beginning of the end, as thereafter Congress could make no accusation against the Southern states for taking the same action. His appeal was unavailing, as he well knew, and the same Republican authority that had enfranchised the negro under the very shadow of the capitol of the nation was compelled to declare that his disfranchisement had become an imperious necessity to protect property and maintain social order. The Southern states, which have, by ingenious constitutional devices, practically disfranchised the negro, have simply followed the teaching of a Republican Congress and President, which disfranchised him in the capital city. The general newspaper reader of the present day knows little of the deep and widespread prejudice among the early Republicans against universal suffrage for the negro. The prejudice against the black man was as strong in the North as in the South. With all the earnest efforts of the Republicans to give the negro freedom and all his legal rights, they shunned him as a political associate, and shuddered at his fellowship in official position.

It is now more than a generation since the negro was declared the equal of the white man, before the law in every section of the Union, and in every Northern state the negroes, as a rule, have voted solidly and uniformly for the Republican party, but not a single negro has ever been elected to Congress in any Northern state; none have been elected to any state office in the North, with the single exception of one of the Western states, where a negro was elected to a subordinate office, falling many thousands behind his ticket, and I can recall but two instances in which the negro has been elected to any Northern Legislature—one in Massachusetts and one in Ohio.

In Philadelphia, where the colored voters held the balance of power between the parties for twenty years, the highest position to which any one has been elected was that of councilman and only one reached that distinction. The first negro placed on the police in Philadelphia was appointed by Democratic Mayor King fully twenty years after the Republicans had proclaimed the entire equality of both races before the law, and in the enjoyment of civil rights. In one or two instances Republicans of Pennsylvania have placed a wealthy negro on the electorial ticket, being the only place where one of that race could be safely nominated, and today there are more colored teachers employed by the single state of South Carolina than are employed in the public schools of all the Northern states of the Union.

It was not until the 7th of December, 1868, that the first negro applied for admission into Congress. There was a vacancy in the Second district of Louisiana, and at the general election of Nov. 3, 1868, J. Willis Menard, a resident of New Orleans, was certified by Governor Warmouth as elected to fill the vacancy. The House was largely Republican, but the idea of admitting a negro into Congress threw many of the Republican members into a hysterical condition. They could not frankly oppose him because he was a negro, and they made a miscroscopical examination of the regularity of his credentials. He was allowed to be heard in defense of his own case, as is common in such cases, and thus became the first of his race whose voice was heard on the floor of the House of Representatives; but his certificate was rejected by an overwhelming majority, and the Republican leaders breathed more freely because they had, for at least a season, escaped the fellowship of a black man in the councils of the nation. Menard was one of the most accomplished of his race, a college graduate, and had rendered very creditable service to the government, but three years after the close of the war that had been fought for the freedom of the black man, a Republican Congress was unwilling to accept even one of the most creditable of his race to membership.

First Negro in Congress.

In less than two years the negro again knocked for admission into Congress, and this time he stood at the door of the Senate. In January, 1870, Hiram R. Revells, a full-blooded negro, and a man of much more than common ability and of unblemished integrity, was elected to the Senate to fill an unexpired term by the Mississippi Legislature. It was accepted as the irony of fate that this negro leader should be chosen to fill the vacancy in the United States Senate that had been created by the resignation of Jefferson Davis at the beginning of the war. Mr. Revells was a Methodist minister, and highly respected as one of the most prominent and useful of the colored leaders of the South. On the 25th of January, five days after his election, he appeared in Washington, and the Republican leaders of the first legislative tribunal of the nation were in consternation at the threatened advent of the negro in the Senate. The Senate was over-whelmingly Republican, but many of the party leaders made exhaustive study to find some reasonable excuse for refusing the seat to Revells. It was not until a month after he had given his credentials to Senator Wilson of Massachusetts that Wilson felt safe in presenting them to the body, and moving that Revells be sworn as a Senator. An animated debate followed, occupying three days, in which Republican Senators invented many excuses for rejecting the credentials with the negro behind them; but on the 25th of February Charles Summer delivered one of the ablest speeches of his life in defense of the rights of the negro, resulting in the admission of Revells by a decided majority. Thus on the 25th of February, 1870, the first negro entered our national Legislature when Hiram R. Revells was qualified as United States Senator, and during his term of little more than one year he enjoyed the solitude that was broken by very few of his fellow Senators in social intercourse even on the floor of the Senate.

I met Senator Revells when he was a member of the Senate, and was very much interested in him as the first representative of his race in our national Congress. He was a man of rather imposing presence, severely unassuming, and unusually intelligent. He was sincerely devoted to the elevation and improvement of his race on the highest lines of advancement, and he probably did more than any one of his race in his day in smoothing the thorny pathway for his people in the South. A notable illustration of the general public sentiment in the North, on the subject of the negro as a national legislator, was given in Philadelphia soon after Revels' admission to the Senate. He suddenly rose to a national fame as the first black man to become a national lawmaker, and he delivered lectures in many sections of the country, which were largely attended. Among other invitations he received and accepted was one to lecture in Philadelphia in the Academy of Music, but when application was made for the use of the academy the managers of that institution were thrown into hysterics at the suggestion of bringing a negro on its platform, and Revels was refused the right to speak there. Of course, it was not announced that the academy was refused because Revells was a negro, but it was none the less the truth. The Black Swan was allowed to warble her sweet notes on the same platform, but she was not a political factor, and her coming did not mean political fellowship, but the advent of the negro Senator was a living object lesson of equal rights for the black man, which could not at that day be accepted even in loyal Philadelphia.

Ten years after Revells' retirement from the Senate I visited the capital of Mississippi, and there met the late Senator George, who was then Senator elect, with the Governor of the state and a number of other prominent officials. I was equally surprised and gratified to hear from them that ex-Senator Revells was doing a great work in Mississippi as president of a college for colored students, and that he was highly respected, and his work was so well appreciated that the state of Jefferson Davis, who was then living, contributed annually and liberally to maintain the institution. Revells continued in that work until his death and he lived to see Blanche K. Bruce, of his own race, represent his state in the Senate, with half a dozen or more negro Representatives in the House. Bruce entered the Senate in 1875 served a full term, and afterward was made register of the treasury. He had a more rosy pathway than his predecessor in the Senate, as the negro was no longer shunned as a pest in the councils of the nation. Since Bruce's retirement in 1881 the colored race has been without representation in the Senate.

With the appearance of Revells in the Senate came two negro Representatives—Joseph R. Rainey of South Carolina, who was admitted without question, and Jefferson F. Long, of Georgia, who filled an unexpired term of little more than a month, and who was the only negro ever chosen to either branch of Congress in that State. From the time of the appearance of Rainey in the Forty-First Congress the negro has served in one or both branches until the close of the last Congress, with the single exception of the Fiftieth Congress, when it happened that the colored race was without representation.

South Carolina had the most brilliant galaxy of colored leaders of any state in the South and the negro never had such opportunities to prove his ability to exercise high official authority and to vindicate his race. I spent part of the winter of 1870 in Columbia, the capital of the state, for the purpose of completing an air railway line to the South, and was brought into very close connection with the authorities of the state. The governor was a weak white man—weak in intellect, more than weak in integrity, and the plaything of a coterie of spoilsmen. Cardosa, a highly educated negro, and long a minister in Massachusetts, was Treasurer of the state, and certainly he meant to use all his efforts to maintain a thoroughly creditable administration, but he had little encouragement from either the whites or the blacks around him. Of all the white state officials, Secretary Chamberlain, afterward Governor, was the only one who seemed to appreciate the opportunity and the duty to restore a great commonwealth to some measure of prosperity. With Cardosa were Rainey and Smalls, and Nash and Elliott, and Purves, who bore an honored Philadelphia name, and Whipper, and Wright, then a Supreme judge, and Delaney and Boseman. I met them frequently, and several times in general conference, for every interest with which I was identified would be aided or hindered by good or bad local government.

Failures in South Carolina.

This circle of negro leaders possessed an unusual measure of intellectual force. Cardosa was thoroughly cultured; Rainey served longer in Congress than any other negro of our history, and maintained himself creditably; Elliott was the most brilliant of all, and later startled the country by his reply to Stephens, ex-Vice President of the Confederacy, on the floor of the House, and proved himself a foeman worthy of the steel of the able Southern leader; Delaney, won college honors in Ohio, and boldly struggled for honest government until the last hope perished, and Boseman, who wanted to make a creditable record for his race, finally gave up the battle and nestled down as postmaster of Charleston. True, the environment of these negro leaders gave little encouragement to those who sought to make the government of South Carolina distinguished as an illustration of the ability and integrity of a negro ruler. All of them were impoverished, and they soon saw only profligacy and demoralization around them on every side. One by one they failed and fell, with very rare exceptions, and today four of them are convicts in the criminal records of the state, convicted in their own courts and by negro juries, and some of them are holding department offices in Washington. They escaped sentence by the peace made in 1877, when the Federal authorities had a number of South Carolinans convicted as Kuklux marauders, and one of the United States Senators from the state was a fugitive from justice. An unwritten compact was made that the Kuklux convicts and the criminals convicted in the state courts should not be called for sentence, and that General Butler, the representative of the Hampton government, whose election to the Senate was then contested, should be admitted to the Senate. Such in brief is the story of negro opportunity and negro failure in South Carolina.

Three of these South Carolina negroes were elected and promptly admitted to the Forty-Second Congress, viz., Rainey, Elliott, and De Large. Rainey served five terms in Congress, and Elliott when in his second term resigned his seat to accept a more lucrative local office. In 1873 John R. Lynch, another prominent negro, appeared as a member of Congress from Mississippi, and was one of seven negroes in that body. He was elected for three consecutive terms, and I saw the rapidly growing tolerance of the Republican leaders for negro political fellowship very impressively portrayed at the Chicago Republican national convention in 1884. When the chairman of the national committee called the body to order one of the youngest members arose and in a speech of singular elegance and force nominated Representative Lynch as temporary chairman. In presenting this nomination the young orator said that it was "a fitting thing for us to choose to preside over the convention one of that race whose right to sit within these walls is due to the blood and treasure so lavishly spent by the founders of the Republican party." Mr. Lynch was promptly and unanimously elected, and the young orator who thus presented the first negro to preside over a national convention, and is only one of his race who has ever been in charge of such a body was Theodore Roosevelt, now President of the United States.

The Forty-Fourth Congress brought two negroes into the House who became conspicuous in the political movement of their party. They were Jerry Haroldson of Alabama and Robert Smalls of South Carolina. Haroldson's service was brief, but he was long a potent political factor in his state, and gained thrifty by his shrewd and always close dealings in the sale of relegations from his state in national conventions. Smalls served six years in Congress, and attracted much attention because of his heroic act in the early part of the war, when he took his family in a boat and sailed out of Charleston harbor to join our blockading fleet, after which he rendered very important service to the Union cause. He was one of the Sea Island slaves of South Carolina, and very illiterate. He took no part in Congressional debate, but was an active, energetic, and in some degree an influential member. He was one of the prominent negro leaders of the state who made a sad record in the criminal courts, but was saved with others by the universal amnesty of 1877, and has since been rewarded with important Federal positions in his state.

When Congress met in 1879 the entire negro representation in the house had been effaced, and Senator Bruce alone represented his race in the national councils. In the succeeding congress Smalls and Lynch reappeared as representatives, and in the following congress James D. O'Harra, representative from North Carolina, was the only negro in either branch of the national legislature. He was defeated for re-election to the fiftieth congress, and no negro was elected in either house or senate from any other state, thus leaving that congress without a single negro representative in either branch. In the fifty-first congress the negro appeared again in representative John M. Langston, of Virginia; Thomas E. Miller, of south Carolina, and Henry C. Cheatham, of North Carolina. In the fifty-second congress Cheatham was the sole representative of his race, as was George W. Murray, of South Carolina in the fifty-third and fifty-fourth congresses, and George H. White, of North Carolina served alone of his race in the fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth. Thus ended the record of the negro as a national legislator.

Present Condition of Negro.

The negro is at present retired from high official position. Will that retirement be permanent? I see nothing in the present political condition to warrant the hope that the negro will at any time in the near future become a political factor in national affairs. He is practically disfranchised in all of the southern states, where his numerical power would give him political control, and he has made no progress in political advancement in any of the northern states, strongly and radically Republican as many of them are. As a rule, the enfranchisement of the negro has not elevated him or inspired him to the great work of educating and ennobling the race. There are very many most creditable exceptions, but the great mass of the colored vote in our northern cities is a mere commercial commodity, that has made the elevation of cultured and highly respected negroes to honored political positions next to impossible. If this discreditable condition were confined to the black race it would be an ineffaceable reproach to the negro, but it is only just to say that in his debauchery of the sacred elective franchise the black man is only an imitator of his white political associates. From the present outlook it seems to be clearly indicated that the mission of the negro is ended as a political factor in high official trust.

SANURY Will Cure You

If you have kidney or bladder trouble, rheumatism or gout. Sanury is a new combination of remedial agents, which has been found to be unfailing in the cure of all diseases depending upon the inaction or disease of the kidneys or liver. Rheumatism is in this class of diseases, for while it is caused by the presence in the blood of an excess of uric acid, yet that excess would not be there if the kidneys were doing their work as they should. Part of the work of the kidneys is to get rid of the uric acid which is always forming. It is not unnatural for uric acid to form in the body but it is unnatural for it to accumulate. When it accumulates it is because the kidneys are not doing their duty; they are diseased or overworked. In all such conditions Sanury cannot fail to be of the greatest value, not only giving prompt relief, but effecting a permanent cure.

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After fifty years Dr. Humphreys' Specifics enjoy the greatest popularity and largest sale in their history, due to intrinsic merit. They cure the sick.

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Dr. Humphreys' New Pocket Manual of all Diseases mailed free.

Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

The Birthday of a Nation.

The new Australian federal government is appointing a Commonwealth day on the lines of the American Independence day. It is now engaged in weighing the claims of July 1, when Queen Victoria assented to the constitution; Sept. 30, the date of the proclamation; Jan. 1, the inauguration of the commonwealth, and May 9, the date of the Duke of Cornwall's opening of the first federal parliament. The January date is the one most favored.

A Cure for Lumbago.

W. C. Williamson, of Amherst, Va., says: "For more than a year I suffered from lumbago. I finally tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it gave me entire relief, which all other remedies had failed to do. Sold by Wm. Melville, old post office corner.

Bobby Knew.

School Board inspector—Who is it that sits idly by doing nothing while everybody else is working?

Bobby — The teacher. — Glasgow Times.

A FUTURE ICE AGE.

Sir Robert Ball Declares There Will Be Another Glacial Period.

Not another person could have been crowded into the large lecture room of Schermerhorn hall at Columbia university the other afternoon, where Sir Robert S. Ball, fellow of the Royal Society of England, the famous Irish astronomer, spoke on "The Cause of the Ice Age."

He vividly portrayed the results, worse than flood or famine, which must inevitably occur when the glacial period sets in, says the New York Journal. Sir Robert began by showing stereopticon views of the present day evidences of the "ice age."

"Once," he said, "the whole northern hemisphere was covered with ice as Greenland is today. This was during the glacial period. When this age sets in again, Greenland will be covered with vegetation, the northern hemisphere with a frozen expanse. The cause of this astronomical phenomenon is not lack of the sun's heat, but by the mutual actions of the planets Jupiter, Venus and the earth during one peculiar configuration.

"When this configuration of the planets occurs, it tends to change the earth's orbit from a circle to an ellipse, and when the earth itself is at a point of the orbit which connotes midwinter you have an ice age, which is worse than famine, flood and pestilence and which lasts for hundreds of thousands of years."

Laughingly the famous astronomer warned his audience that such a state may occur again, as science has shown that it has occurred before, although thousands of years ago. In concluding Sir Robert said that the few days he had spent in America would be the most cherished of his life. The students gave him the college yell, to which he bowed in recognition.

"Some time ago my daughter caught a severe cold. She complained of pains in her chest and had a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to directions and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years and have never known it to fail." says James Prendergest, merchant, Annato Bay, Jamaica, West India Islands. The pains in the chest indicated an approaching attack of pneumonia, which in this instance was undoubtedly warded off by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It counteracts any tendency of a cold toward pneumonia. Sold by Wm. Melville, old post office corner.

LOVES THE GAME.

Why Rich Pierpont Morgan Continues to Work For Money.

A friend recently asked J. Pierpont Morgan why it was he devoted so much time to accumulating money when his income already was so large, concluding that it must be because he simply loved money, says a New York correspondent of the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

"No, no!" exclaimed Mr. Morgan. "I do not love money for its sake, I assure you; but, candidly, I do enjoy the excitement, the fun and the battle in making it. With my bank interests I could not retire if I would. I have my work to fulfill and I must continue in business. It is a very true saying that 'Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown,' and there is no end to the responsibility and no rest for the leader, whether in affairs of state, at the head of an army or a financial house. It is only the excitement of the game, so to speak, that keeps one up, not the prospective gain, I assure you. Success or wealth, like the snowball, gathers into itself. I long ago made the sum of money which in my boyhood days I dreamed that I would like to have, but I had created an enterprise that demanded my time and attention to develop, and I have never since been able to get away from the treadmill and now never expect to until senility or death claims me."

W. L. Yancy, Paducah, Ky., writes: "I had a severe case of kidney disease and three of the best physicians in southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure. The first bottle gave immediate relief and three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy." Take no substitute.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

To Prevent Railway Accidents.

An automatic railway accident preventer, invented by an electrician named Rudolph Bartelmus of Vienna, has been tested by a body of expert railway managers with satisfactory results, says the New York World. The main idea is to put the engineer in direct communication with all the signal boxes by electrical apparatus on the engine, contact being effected by a third rail. The signalman can thus make a red light burn on the locomotive in front of the engineer, while an electrical bell will ring until the engineer switches it off. On the other hand, the contrivance causes a bell to ring in the signal box as soon as the train is within 3,000 yards. Finally, if one train approaches another on the same rail within 3,000 yards, red lights burn automatically on the locomotive.

IF BANNER SALVE doesn't cure your piles, your money will be returned. It is the most healing medicine.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Member of Congress.

We are authorized to announce the name of CHARLES H. ADKINS as a candidate for the endorsement by the Democrats of Allen county as their candidate for Member of Congress from this District.

County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. J. JULKINS, of Marion township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county, at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. B. MONAHAN, of Auglaize township, as a candidate for County Infirmary Director, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at their primary election.

Infirmary Director.

We are authorized to announce the name of CHARLES GOBLE, of Richland township, as a candidate for Infirmary Director, subject to the Democratic primary election.

AN ESTIMATE OF YOUR UNCLE MARK.

Under the caption "Hanna and His Power," the New Orleans States publishes in a recent edition the following article concerning the senior senator from Ohio:

"A writer in the Atlantic Monthly asserts that "new power of portentious size" has appeared in American politics in the person of Senator Hanna, of Ohio, chairman of the national committee of the political party that now controls the government. The writer calls attention to the fact that Senator Hanna has twice had the spending of vast sums of money for the election of the Republican national ticket. In 1896 the campaign fund at his disposal was estimated to be $6,000,000, and in 1900 the fund was much larger, as Mr. Hanna impressed the men at the head of the country's richest banks and corporations with the fact that the treasure chests of the Republican party should contain twice as much money as it did in 1896.

"The writer argues that a man who has control of such huge sums of money is able to establish a claim on the party's candidates for congress and also to make himself solid with the members of the national committee. He not only collects the millions of dollars that go into the campaign fund, but disburses every cent of it. He makes promises to contributors, and thus determines in advance the policy of his party on tariffs, ship subsidies and financial measures. He is, in short, "the repository of all the secret liens upon party action, and the one mysterious agent by whom they are made good. He controls a majority of the members of national conventions and dictates nominations and platforms. Then after the political battle has been fought and won he steps in and controls the distribution of the Federal patronage. Thus in the past few years the chairman of the national committee has become what the Atlantic Monthly writer designates a "power of portentious size" in our politics.

Senator Hanna was "a new power of portentous size" in our politics, but he is not a power now. His star went down in the death of President McKinley. He no longer controls the Federal patronage and this much he acknowledged a few days ago, when he stated that he no longer gave any attention to the Federal appointments in the south. The truth of this statement is made apparent by the fact that President Roosevelt does not consult Senator Hanna or members of the Republican national committee regarding appointments in the southern states, in naming two Democrats for important offices in Mississippi he turned down Jim Hill, the negro leader of the Republican party in that state, and a lieutenant upon whom Hanna relied to fix the Mississippi delegation to the national convention. In making appointments in the south President Roosevelt has acted upon his own judgment, and no one is more fully aware of the fact than Mr. Hanna himself that he is no longer the power behind the throne. He has had his day, and indications are not lacking that he will soon cease to be a conspicuous figure on the political stage, for he has been deprived of the vast patronage which made him so powerful and prominent in the councils of the Republican party.

Dr. George M. Gould, as a result of carefully compiled statistics, places the cost of sickness and death in the United States at $2,977,500,000 per annum, or nearly $43 for every man, woman and child in the country.

Anthracite Grievances.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Jan. 16.—At the sessions of the United Mine Workers' convention, district No. 1, resolutions were forwarded to the secretary of the national convention of miners which will meet in Indianapolis next week, requesting that body to send notices to all the operators in the anthracite region requesting them to meet the miners in joint conference, to consider the grievances promulgated by the Hazleton convention. The most important of these grievances relates to an eight-hour day; coal to be mined by the ton instead of the car, and recognition of the miners' union.

In the Klondike.

Port Townsend, Wash., Jan. 16.—The latest advices from Dawson were brought on the Cottage City by Charles Berryman, who left the Klondike capital the latter part of December. Berryman says there is a stampede from Dawson for Henderson creek, near Stewart river. He reports that several thousand men are on the creek and all claims have been staked. During the winter the gambling element in Dawson have resorted to all kinds of schemes to induce the authorities to permit the opening of gambling, without success.

The Fur Cases.

Cleveland, Jan. 16.—The residents of northern Ohio who bought imitation seal and sable furs from a Montreal firm under the impression that they were getting expensive fur garments at a low price by having them smuggled into this country will try to get their property from the government, that recently confiscated it. The department has ruled that the furs may be returned if payment is made of the invoice price and the duty. A decision in a test case brought by a Youngstown (O.) woman will apply to all the others. Suits against the Montreal firm are also contemplated.

Spinners Strike.

Maynard, Mass., Jan. 16.—The Assabet mills of the American Woolen company here are shut down, except in the carding and sorting departments, because the spinners have struck. The probability is that the entire mill will be closed until the spinners' grievances are adjusted. This would make about 1,500 employes idle. For 30 years the company has been weighing the roping used in the spinning department with beam scales. This change, the spinners declare, make it necessary for them to work harder in order to produce a given amount of yarn.

To Be Taken to Texas.

Kansas City, Jan. 16.—John P. Withers, former president of the National bank of Beaumont, Tex., who is charged with embezzlement and mismanagement of the bank's funds, is still in the custody of the United States marshal in this city. Mr. Withers has taken no steps to obtain his release on bond. An order will probably be given to take Withers to Texas, where he will, it is stated, give bond for his appearance. Mr. Withers has retained counsel, who has discussed the case with United States Judge Phillips, but without approaching at any conclusion. Recently arriving

Deputy Sheriff's Deed.

Dayton, O., Jan. 16.—Louis R. Mehlberth, 36, for seven years chief deputy sheriff of Montgomery county, committed suicide at his home by sending a pistol ball through his brain. Mr. Mehlberth had been prominently associated with Republican affairs in this county for about 10 years and was popular. No cause is assigned for the deed.

Hotel Damaged.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Jan. 16.—The Galland House, valued at $20,000, was partially destroyed by fire. Assistant Fire Chief Michael McGrath is at a hospital at the point of death, the result of a fall from the roof. The 30 guests of the hotel lost their belongings and some had narrow escapes.

Engine Blew Up.

Connellsville, Pa., Jan. 16.—A Pittsburg and Western engine blew up near Bradford, on the Baltimore and Ohio, and clouds of scalding steam badly burned four trainmen. The worst injured was G. W. Peterson, conductor, who was terribly burned about the head and face.

Turf Winners.

At San Francisco—Afghan, Thaddeus, Tower of Candles, Water Cure, Sly, Wyoming.

At New Orleans—Leonja, Lingo, Falella, George Resada, Maggie Davis, Judge Steadman.

At Charleston, S. C.—Lake Fonso, Okeelay, Tom Curl, Salom, Lelia Barr.

Townsend wholesales McMichael's horse radish.

ALL LOST.

Forty-Three Miners Caught In a Flooded Mine.

Breux, Austria, Jan. 16.—The water in the Jupiter mine, which was suddenly flooded on Jan. 14, when the escape of 43 men, including the manager of the mine and two superintendents, was cut off, does not subside, and hope of saving the men has been abandoned. The disaster was due to the overflowing of the river Bila near the mine. Precautions to prevent the flooding of the mine were taken too late. One engineer was saved. Subsequently nine men courageously went into the mine a second time and never returned. Thirty-one of the victims were married.

Two Safes Blown.

Canal Dover, O., Jan. 16.—The safe of Tuscarawas Electric company was dynamited and robbed of its contents by three masked men, who overpowered the night watchman and a boy, both of whom they bound and gagged. The receipts of the day had been placed in an iron box under the floor and was overlooked by the burglars, who got less than $30 from the safe. The robbers escaped. At Marysville, O., the safe of the Big Four railroad office was dynamited, but no money was secured.

Pocket of Gas Ignited.

Pottsville, Pa., Jan. 16.—An explosion of gas occurred at Maple Hill colliery, near Bilberton. Two miners are missing and probably dead and two others were injured. The missing are: John Maguire and James Lashniski, both of Shenandoah. The injured: Inside Foreman David Anderson, probably fatally; Fire Boss John Twaite. A naked lamp in the hands of the missing men ignited a pocket of gas. The men injured were overcome by gas while making an investigation.

Dynamite Exploded.

Mackay, Ida., Jan. 16.—Benno Hinterholzer and James Person were killed and three others badly injured in an explosion three miles west of here. Hinterholzer was blown to pieces, and it was with difficulty that enough of his remains could be gathered to hold an inquest over. The men attempted to take out an old charge of dynamite which had failed to explode.

Favor the Hague Convention.

City of Mexico, Jan. 16.—The plan for the adherence of the nations represented at the Pan-American congress to The Hague convention was introduced by the Chilean delegation after a long and able statement tending to show the advantages of The Hague convention and the impracticability of compulsory arbitration.

Married In Jail.

Peoria, Ills., Jan. 16.—George Washington Brown, 25, of Woodford county confined in the Peoria jail on charge of horse stealing, and Miss Louisa Belle Fetters, also of Woodford county, were married at the jail by County Judge Lovett. After the ceremony the prisoner was again locked up in his cell and the bride went on her way.

MARKET REPORT

Grain and Stock Prices For Jan. 15.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Good to choice dry fed steers, 1,200 lbs. and upwards, $5 50@5 75; good to choice dry fed, 1,050 to 1,150 lbs. steers, $5 00@5 25; good to choice green half fat, 1,000 to 1,200, $4 50@4 85; green half fat, 900 to 1,000, $4 25@4 50; good to choice heifers, $4 75@5 25; fair good heifers, $4 00@6 50; cows, common to choice, $3 00@4 00; bulls, good to choice, $3 00@4 00; and Lambs—Good to choice, $2 50@4 00. Sheep $4 50@4 60; fair to choice wether sheep, @4 25; culls and to good mixed sheep, $4 00 lambs, good and commons, $2 50@3 50; good, $5 75 to choice, $5 85@5 90; fair to @5 25. @6 75; culls and commons, $4 50 Hogs—Yorkers. Calves—Fair to best, $7 00@7 70. heavy Yorkers, $6 20@6 25; mediums, $6 00; CH $6 60@6 65.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Good to prime, $6 60@ poor to medium, $4 00@6 00; stockers and feeders, $2 25@4 75; cows, $1 25@ 75; heifers, $2 50@5 20; canners, $1 25@ 25; bulls, $2 00@4 50; Texas fed steers, $3 25@5 60. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers, $4 30@5 00; fair to choice mixed, $3 75@4 40; western fed sheep, $4 25 @5 00; native lambs, $3 50@6 00; western fed lambs, $5 00@6 00. Calves—$2 50@6 50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5 95@6 60; good to choice heavy, $6 40@6 65; rough heavy, $5 00@6 30; light, $5 50@6 25. Wheat —No. 2 red, 81c. Corn—No. 3, 61c. Oats—No. 2, 45@45½c.

BUFFALO—Cattle: Good to prime, $6 25 @6 50; fair to good exporters, $5 60@ 6 00; shipping, $5 40@5 65; butchers, $4 50 @5 25; cows, $3 00@4 40; heifers, $3 70 5 25; bulls, $3 00@4 40; feeders, good to choice, $4 15@4 40; common to fair, $3 25@ 3 75; stockers, common and good, $3 00@ 4 00. Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $6 20 @6 35; fair to good, $6 00@6 15; culls and common, $5 00@5 50; mixed sheep, $4 25@ 4 35; culls and bucks, $3 00@3 50; wethers and yearlings, $5 00@5 25. Calves—$6 00@ 8 50. Hogs—Pigs, $5 75@6 80; Yorkers, $6 25@6 30; mixed and medium heavy, $6 50 @6 65.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $6 40@6 60; prime, $6 00@6 25; good, $5 50@5 85; tidy grassers, $4 90@5 30; fair, $4 40@4 80; heifers, $3 75@5 00; cows, stags and bulls, $2 00 @4 25; fresh cows, $25 00@60 00. Sheep and Lambs—Prime sheep, $4 50@4 65; good, $4 25@4 40; fair, $3 80@4 10; choice lambs, $6 10@6 25; common to good, $4 00@6 00. Calves—Veal, $6 00@8 00. Hogs—Prime heavy, $6 55@6 65; mediums, $6 40@6 50; heavy Yorkers, $6 25@6 35; light Yorkers, $6 10@6 20; pigs, $5 80@6 00.

NEW YORK—Cattle: Steers, $5 00@6 00; common state do., $3 90@4 40; oxen and stags, $3 00@5 50; bulls, $2 50@4 60; cows, $1 70@3 90; extra fat do., $4 20@4 40. Sheep and Lambs—Veals, $5 00@5 90; little calves, $4 00@4 50; barnyard and fed do., $3 00@ 4 00; westerns, $3 75@4 00. Hogs—State hogs, $3 50@3 60; mixed western, $5 95@ 6 00. Wheat—No. 2 red, 83¾c. Corn—No. 2, 67¾c. Oats—No. 2, 51c.

COLUMBUS—Fruits and Vegetables—Jobbers' Selling Prices—Cabbage: Cork state, $1 60 per cwt. Celery—Ohio, $2 00@3 00 per case; California, $4 00. Cranberries—Per bbl., $7 50; per crate, $2 25@2 50. Honey—24 sections, per lb., 17@18c. Potatoes—65c per bu. Sweet Potatoes—Mediums, $3 00; Jerseys, $4 00 per bbl. Onions —$3 75 per bbl. Spanish, $1 75 per crate.

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 90½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 66½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 46@46½c. Rye—No. 2, 68c. Lard—$9 32. Bulk Meats—$9 00. Bacon—$9 87½. Hogs—$4 75@6 45. Cattle—$2 50@6 65. Sheep—$2 25@4 25. Lambs—$4 75@5 85.

BOSTON—Wool—Ohio XX and above are quoted at 27c; Ohio No. 1 washed, 26½@27c.

BALTIMORE—Butter: Fancy creamery, 25@26c. Eggs—Fresh, 29@29c.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 81¾c; corn, 62c; oats, 45c; clover-seed, $4 85.

CARDS

Furnished the Enjoyment for Guests.

Several Events of the Kind at Various Homes.

Mrs. R. W. Argue, Mrs. John Reese and Mrs. Phillips Are Among Those Who Dispensed Hospitality.

Tuesday evening Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Argue, of west Market street, gave a very enjoyable card party to the following friends: Mr. and Mrs. Van Kirk, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Vicary, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Vail, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Neubaur Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Colt, Mrs. John Ashton, Miss Julia Mair, Mr. D. S. Williams, Mrs. Shannon, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Drake, Mr. Ed. Mair, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Cheuveant, Mr. and Mrs. T. McLaughlin, Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Motter and Mr. and Mrs. Newt Berkley. Hoops with bells were used to keep score and pink roses were used for decorations.

* * *

Friday, at one o'clock Mrs. Geo. Hall, of west Market street, will entertain a number of ladies at luncheon.

* * *

Monday evening Mr. and Mrs. John Phillips, of west Market street, gave a pretty little card party for their guest, Mrs. Daniel Jones of Toledo. The guests were, Dr. and Mrs Laudeck, Mr. and Mrs. John Overy and son, Mr. John Overy jr., Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fall, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. McCullough. The prizes were secured by Mrs Overy, who won a pretty hat pin, and Mr. John Overy, jr., who won a deck of cards.

* * *

Mrs. John Reese, of the corner of Spring and Union streets, entertained at cards and in other pleasant ways, Mrs. T. Golden, Mrs. C. Cook, Mrs. Doty, Mrs. H. Patton, Mrs. W. A. Patton, Mrs. A. Ridenour, Mrs. Stronle, Mrs. Geo. Sheets, Mrs. Millioms, Mrs. B. Halliday, Mrs. W. J. Edward, Mrs. T. J. Edwards, Mrs. H. Prophet, Mrs. Sheldish, Mrs. Sidner, Mrs. R. W. Peck, Mrs. Sullivan, Mrs. Wm. Van Horn, B. M. Anderson.

* * *

Mrs. F. H. Ream, of north Pierce street, entertained at dinner Tuesday Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Maltbie, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Clippinger and Miss Harriet Clippinger.

* * *

Miss Irene Grandstaff, of south Elizabeth street, entertained a party of friends last evening in honor of Mr. J. F. Brown, of New York.

Stays with the Leaf.

D. L. Milne, whose resignation as superintendent of car service of the Clover Leaf was announced a few days ago, has reconsidered his action and withdrawn his resignation. He will remain with the Clover Leaf and remain in charge of the department which he has made so efficient. Mr. Milne had resigned to take a position with the Detroit Southern.

ANOTHER

Effort Will be Made to Find the Lost Streak.

Operations are Dull in Lucas County, But the Hull Prairie Section is Still Prospering.

Operations in the Cartice field are very quiet at the present time. N. L. Baumgardner has secured a few farms south of that village and expects to drill a well in the near future. It is on a line to the Woodville field, and to make the connection it will only be necessary to stagger over a few dry holes drilled in the years that are gone. Captain J. B. Lucky has been guilty of "erecting" a couple of these. Possibly some day the belt will be found to be a certainty.

Stitt, Montgomery & Stitt obtained a very nice well on the Asthmus farm, north of Hull Prairie, last week. It started at better than 100 barrels.

The Hull Prairie section is about as surprising in its oil discoveries as any place in the whole country. The section to the northwest, where the best wells are now being bored, was in such disfavor with the oil trade a few years ago that no one would spend the time to even consider its proposition on the oil map of the region. Today it is considered the equal of any in the country.

A man named DeVoe, at Lima, Ohio, is now burning Beaumont oil in his residence furnace and is delighted with the article as a domestic fuel. There is no reason why the cheap stuff should not be brought to this region to take the place of coal in pumping and drilling oil wells.—Toledo Times.

DAMAGE

Suit Against the L. E. & W. Nearing the End.

Evidence was All Submitted Yesterday and Attorneys Spent the Day in Argument.

The damage suit of Susan Reed vs. the L. E. & W. railroad will go to the jury today as the evidence was all submitted yesterday and nothing left but the argument. It is likely that a verdict will be returned before tomorrow unless there be a point on which the jury is likely to disagree.

Getting Down to It

Deputy Sheriff Summers was busy today issuing subpoenas for witnesses before the grand jury, Prosecuting Attorney Klinger having filed a list of 100 names as a beginning.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Richard T. Davis, 29, Vaughnsville, a clerk, and Annie Edwards, 22, of Gomer.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

E. W. Martin to Sadie Pyle, inlot 3155 in Martin's addition; $800.

Lora G. Adkins to Harrison Adkins, parts of inlots 4780 and 4779 in College Hill addition; $900.

James Yant and wife to J. F. Gallison, lot in Beaver Dam; $625.

Joseph Ward and wife to Elizabeth Ward, inlot 46 in the original plat of Lima; $400.

Alvilla F. Thomas to Benjamin J. Thomas, 80 acres in Sugar Creek township; $500.

Abraham Crider, Mrs. Harriet A. Sherman and C. S. Baxter filed deeds in the Machine Shops addition.

WATSON

The Pugilist, Given a Sentence

Which is Suspended During His Absence.

William Irwin Bound Over and Two Other Colored Men Who are Wanted for Burglary are Captured.

Ben Watson, the erstwhile pugilist, who was arrested a few days ago, charged with assaulting a young boy named Thornberg, was arraigned before the mayor this morning and was sentenced to a fine of $25 and costs and to thirty days imprisonment in the work house. The sentence was suspended under Watson's promise to leave the city.

William Irwin, colored, who is charged with the robbery of the Douglas grocery, was bound over to the grand jury and sent to the county jail. Slate Simmons and Tom Williams, two other colored men wanted for the same robbery, have been arrested at Marion, Ind., and will be brought here by Chief Mills.

IMPORTANT

Meeting of Board of Trade This Evening.

To the members of the board of trade, and the citizens and tax payers of Lima:

There will be a meeting at my office, Y. M. C. A. building, on Thursday evening, January 16th, for the purpose of obtaining a board of control for the city of Lima.

We hope that everybody that is interested in this very important movement, will be present.

We have advice from Columbus, that in order to have this bill acted upon, prompt action must be taken.

Yours very truly,

Wm. F NUMAN, secy.

SAD NEWS

Of the Death of L. J. Keppler's Father Received.

Last evening a message was received at L. J. Keppler's cafe on west High street, announcing the serious illness of the aged father of Mr. Keppler, a resident of Shelby county. Mr. Keppler was in Columbus and was notified in that city. This morning another message was received announcing the death of the aged man.

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

Very Remarkable After-Inventory Friday Bargains!

Having finished our annual inventory we offer you some remarkable bargains in reliable merchandise, which we want to close out at once, as the assortment is broken.

A 52-inch light and dark gray all-wool suiting, regular price 98c, Bargain Friday price 69c.

Pluette. A 52-inch blue black material, strictly all-wool, guaranteed shower proof, regular price $1.00 per yard, Bargain Friday price 69c.

A lot of plain and novelty Dress Goods, range in price from 65c to $1.00 per yard, Bargain Friday price 49c per yard.

5 pieces 72-inch Cream Table Damask, Bargain Friday price 45c per yard.

Crash. 16-inch bleached imitation linen crash at 3 3-4c per yard.

Circular Capes, made of Shetland floss, regular price $1.50, Bargain Friday price 98c.

Circular Capes, made of Shetland floss, regular price $1.25, Bargain Friday price 79c.

Kid Gloves. A broken assortment of colored kid gloves, well worth $1.25 a pair, Bargain Friday price 79c a pair.

Our Clearing Sale prices on ladies' Coats, Jackets and Capes are being appreciated by the buying public. If you are wanting a nice stylish coat see us before the assortment is broken too much.

FELTZ BROS. & CO.,

1st Door South of Court House.

Honey!

The finest you ever saw.

We got a lot and want to move it quick.

Pure white clover

12½c and 15c Per Lb.

This is a very low price and we guarantee the quality.

Ingledue & Co.,

130 South Main.

Pure Unfermented Catawba Grape Juice

60c

Per Bottle.

FOR SALE ONLY AT

National Wine Co.,

130 West High St., Opposite Post Office.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ERIE RAILROAD

Time Card in Effect Nov. 3rd, 1901.
From Lima, Ohio.

TRAINS WEST. Dep

No. 5. Vestibule Limited, daily for Chicago and the West 11:33
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West 1:12
No. 1, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West 9:10
No. 13, Wells-Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday 3:59

TRAINS EAST.

No. 4, Vestibule Limited daily, for New York and Boston 9:02
No. 2, Express daily, except Sunday 8:24
No. 12, Express, daily for New York 8:41
Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.
Through Coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.
FRANK C. McCOY, Agent, Huntington.
W. S. MORRISON, Trav. Pass. Agt.

C. H. & D. RAILROAD.

South Bound.

	Dep
No. 7. Daily	2:10
No. 11. Daily except Sunday	5:30
1, leaves daily except Sunday	8:55
No. 5. Daily	12:41
No. 3. Daily	4:20
No. 9. Daily	6:00
No. 65. Sunday only	6:50
No. 13. Daily, except Sunday, Arr.	7:45

North Bound.

	Dep
No. 12. Daily	2:35
14, leaves daily except Sunday	5:3[illegible]
2, leaves daily except Sunday	8:00
No. 6. Daily	11:57
No. 4. Daily except Sunday	4:35
No. 60. Sunday only	7:43
No. 10 Daily except Sunday, Arr.	9:00
No. 68. Sunday only, Arr.	9:55

L. E. & W. RAILROAD.

East Bound—Leaving Time.

No. 2. Eastern Express, daily ..... 6:1[illegible]
No. 4. N. Y. and Boston Lm'td, except Sunday ..... 1:[illegible]
No. 8. Cleveland and Buffalo Fast Mail, except Sunday ..... 8[illegible]

West Bound—Leaving Time.

No. 1. N. Y., Kansas City and Denver Lm'td, daily ..... 9[illegible]
No. 3. Lima and St. Louis Express, except Sunday ..... 3:[illegible]
No. 5. N. Y., Cleveland and Indianapolis Express, except Sunday ..... 4:[illegible]
No. 7. Cleveland and Lima Special, arrives except Sunday ..... 8:2[illegible]

Trains No. 2 and 4 run in conn[illegible] with the L. S. & M. S. "fast flyers," [illegible] most magnificently appointed trains [illegible] world for Cleveland, Buffalo, New [illegible] Boston, Montreal and all eastern c[illegible]
Trains No. 1 and 3 make close conne[illegible] at Bloomington and Peoria with thr[illegible] trains for all points in the West, N[illegible] west and Southwest. Trains No. 1 [illegible] have modern, up-to-date parlor and d[illegible] car service.
Inquire further of F. A. Burkhardt, [illegible] passenger agent. Bell Phones 159 and [illegible]

LOCAL TIME CARD.

P. F. W. & C.

NO.	EAST BOUND.
24.	Pittsburg special, daily ..... 12:[illegible]
2.	Eastern express, daily ..... 7:[illegible]
26.	Crestline accommodation, daily except Sunday ..... 9:[illegible]
22.	To Chicago, daily except Sunday ..... 7:[illegible]
20.	New York special, daily ..... 8:[illegible]
8.	Day Express, daily ..... 9:[illegible]
6.	Limited Express, daily ..... 10:[illegible]
	WEST BOUND.
45.	Chicago and west daily ..... 2:[illegible]
5.	Limited Express, daily ..... 3:[illegible]
21.	Chicago special, daily ..... 8:[illegible]
29.	Chicago and west, daily except Sunday ..... 2:[illegible]
9.	Chicago and west daily ..... 2:[illegible]
65.	Ft. Wayne accommodation daily except Sunday ..... 5:[illegible]

C. L. & N. RAILROAD.

No. 1 ! A. M.			No.
7:00 Lv. 00	Defiance	(1)	Ar
03	*Miller		
05	*Mentley		
7:24 Lv. 07	Southerton		Lv
7:30 Lv. 09	Rice		Lv
7:45 Ar. 14	Continental	(2)	Lv
8:15 Lv.	Continental	(2)	Ar
18	*Leon		
8:35 Ar. 20	Dormington	(3)	Lv
8:45 Lv. 20	Dormington	(3)	Ar
8:55 Ar. 22	Kalida		Lv
9:10 Lv. 22	Kalida		Ar
27	*Soits		
9:31 Lv. 29	Jones City	(4)	Lv
9:40 Lv. 32	Gomer		Lv
38	*Pogue		
10:00 Ar. 40	North Lima	(5)	Lv
10:05 Ar. 41	C. H. & D. Yds.	(6)	Lv

*—Flag Stations.
†—Nos 1 and 2 daily, except Sunday.

DETROIT SOUTHERN.

Time of trains passing Lima, O.

Scut Bound.

No. 1. ..... 2:15
No. 3. ..... 6:00

North Bound.

No. 3. ..... 10:55
No. 4. Arrives 8:35

All trains daily except Sunday except on the southern divisi as, [illegible] 1 and 2 run daily between Lima [illegible] Bainbridge.
Train No. 1 leaves Fort [illegible] Union Station, Detroit at 8:35 [illegible] Adrian 11:03 a. m., Napoleon [illegible] p. m., Hamler 12:58 p. m. Leipsi[illegible] p. m., Ottawa 1:29 p. m., Cairo [illegible] p. m., Uniopolis 2:43 p. m., Ja[illegible] Center 3:02 p. m., Quincy 3:39 [illegible] St. Paris 3:56 p. m., Springfield [illegible] p. m., arrives at Bainbridge 7:15 [illegible]

[illegible]VERLAX relieves constipation and [illegible]lates the bowels. For sale by all [illegible]ggists. 1-3t

VETERAN

the Methodist Church Dies at Toledo.

[illegible]he death of Dr. Daniel G. Strong, [illegible]or of the Central avenue Methodist [illegible]rch at Toledo, takes away one of [illegible]well known divines of northwest [illegible] Ohio. When he first entered the [illegible]istry, he preached for a number of [illegible]s in Shelby county. The deceased [illegible] about 70 years of age. Interment [illegible] be made at Bellefontaine, where [illegible] first wife is buried. His second [illegible], who was a Mrs. Graham, of [illegible]ware, survives him.

[illegible]UMACOIDS give immediate relief [illegible]ll cases of indigestion, sour [illegible]ach, bloating after eating, and [illegible]tburn. At all druggis s. 1-3t

[illegible]alth restoring, life renewing cor[illegible] a tonic that fortifies the body [illegible] brain and stops the mine of decay. [illegible]s what Rocky Mountain Tea does. [illegible]ents. Ask your druggist.

WEDDING

Of Two Very Prominent Young People

Announced to Take Place January Thirtieth.

Miss Hazel Brown and Eugene C. Christen Will be Married on That Day at St. Rose. Church.

The following invitations were sent out yesterday:

Mrs. Amos Brown,
requests your presence
at the marriage of her daughter,
Hazel Lenore,
to
Mr. Eugene C. Christen,
Thursday morning, Jan. thirtieth,
nineteen hundred and two,
at eight thirty,
St. Rose Church,
Lima, O.

* * *

Mrs. Florence Sites entertained the Adelphian club yesterday afternoon at her home on west Wayne street. Lessons were read by Mrs. Van Atta and Mrs. Schnable.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Parmenter were host and hostess for the F. S. E. Club Tuesday evening, all the tables being filled without any substitutes.

* * *

Las Mugeers met yesterday with Mrs. L. J. Steuber, on east Wayne street. Mrs. Henry Diesel secured the head prize, a handkerchief box, and Mrs. Robert Reese was consoled with a pretty gift.

* * *

The Social Club met last evening with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Phillips, of east Market street. The guest list included Messrs. and Mesdames Harry McCune, G. M. McCullough, Will Hoover, Wm. Metheany, Ralph Durnbaugh, T. J. Edwards, J. Cheuvrant, W. W. White, Misses Louise Hoover, Annie and Lizzie Disman, May Sullivan, Mrs. Wm. Hay, and Mrs. Blanch Wheeler, Messrs. John Henry and P. T. Mell. The royal prizes were secured by Mr. J. C. Ridenour and Miss Louise Hoover, who were given a book and a set of table mats. A gay social hour followed the game with feasting and music.

* * *

The excelsior Musical club will meet for the first time for this season on Friday afternoon, with Miss Jessie Altschul.

* * *

This evening Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hall, of west Spring street, will entertain a number of friends.

* * *

Invitations have been issued by Mrs. C. D. Crites, of north McDonel street, for a card party tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

* * *

Mrs. Elmer Watt, of west High street, was the hostess for the Culture club, Tuesday afternoon, when they finished their study of Italy, and then enjoyed a dainty tea.

ANOTHER

Move Contemplated of Clover Leaf Officials.

According to a statement sent out from Frankfort, Ind., Delphos is to lose the general offices of the Clover Leaf. It is given out as positive that the office of the general superintendent and the superintendents of both the east and west divisions will be moved back to Frankfort from Toledo, Delphos and Charleston. The new general superintendent has been given absolute control of the matter and it is intimated that he favors the concentration of the offices at Charleston.

BRAINOIDS cure headache and brain fag. For sale by all druggists. 1 3

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

"A friend in need is a friend indeed." KIDNEOIDS cure backache and all kidney diseases. Yellow tablets, not pills. Sold by all druggists. 1-3t

Takes the burn out; heals the wound cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, the household remedy.

TWINS

Were Born But Mother and Babes Died.

"The death of Mrs. Estella Schumaker, wife of George Schumaker, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Baker, of this place, occurred Monday evening," says a dispatch from Columbus Grove. "The joy occasioned by the advent of twin babes into the home was soon turned into sorrow by the death of both mother and children. The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Schumaker is in Toledo. Previous to her arrival here, Mrs. Schumaker visited in Lima, and was not physically able to reach her home in Toledo. Her husband has been at her bedside for several days past. The funeral took place from the home of her parents Wednesday afternoon and the remains were taken to West Cairo, Allen county, for interment.

"A stitch in time saves nine." Don't neglect your kidneys until your trouble is serious. Take KID-NE-OIDS, the original guaranteed cure. For sale by all druggists. 1-3t

DREAD

Consumption Numbers Another Victim.

Mrs. Leanna Hall, wife of W. H. Hall, a prominent resident of Jackson township, died this morning after battling for a long time against the encroachment of consumption. The deceased was about 40 years of age and leaves a husband and children to grieve.

The funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the Liberty church, Rev. Barker officiating.

Take STUMACOIDS, the great medical discovery for all stomach troubles, dyspepsia, indigestion, heartburn, etc. Chocolate coated tablets: pleasant to take. For sale by all druggists 1 3t

WILL PLEAD

The Case Before the Court of Last Resort.

Attorney P. R. Kerr is in Columbus and will appear tomorrow morning before the supreme court and make an argument for Anna M. Hoffrichter vs. the Delphos Savings and Loan Association, the case involving the ownership of the old Rose House property, now the Beckman House, situated near the Pennsylvania depot in Delphos.

The case has been tried in both the common pleas and circuit courts, and in both instances has been decided in favor of the defendant. Attorney H. A. Reeve represents the Delphos Savings and Loan Association.

KIDNEOID PENETRATING PLASTERS cure rheumatism, lumbago, coughs and colds. The best porous plaster. 1 3

MEETING

Of the Board of Trade Called for 7:30 O'clock.

The meeting of the board of trade tonight, for the purpose of considering the proposition of having a board of control for Lima, is called for 7:30 sharp. The occasion should appeal to all who are interested in the city's welfare.

NOTICE

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hall & Woods Co. will be held at the office of the company on January 20th, 1902, at 7 o'clock p. m. for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

S. B. DOUGLAS,
jan11-15-18 Secretary.

What would you think of your grocery man if he sold you sand for sugar? What do you think of a druggist, who offers you a substitute for the Madison Medicine Co.'s Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

16 kinds of cheese at Townsend's.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Daniel Jones has returned to her home in Toledo after a pleasant visit with Mrs. John Phillips, of west Market street.

Mrs. George Simpson, of west Wayne street, is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Pangle are home from a visit at Columbus.

Mrs. L. Salzer, of New York, is visiting her sister, Mrs. William Lichtenstader.

Mr. Elmer Lyle and wife are visiting friends and relatives at Kenton.

Frank Hull, of Chicago, is in the city visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Crew.

Mrs. Wandel, of Bluffton, Ind., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. P. Colt.

Miss Olive Firguson is seriously ill at her home on Pearl street.

Friends of George Schafer, son of Mr. and Hrs. George M. Schafer, of east Wayne street, will be pleased to learn he is now a sailor on the flagship New Harferd in the U. S. navy.

Mr. Thos. McElroy, of Ottawa, O., is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. Henry Keller left Lima today for Denver, Colo., where he expects to make his future home.

Miss Margaret Schull, of McArthur, Vinton county, has returned home after a visit with relatives in this city and Toledo.

Rev. J. F. Mooney, of Olean, N. Y., is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Otmer Feltz, of north Metcalf street. Rev. Mooney will leave tomorrow morning for Denver, Colo., to visit another sister, Mrs. Edward Noonan, formerly of this city.

"Such a headache!" Take BRAINOIDS, the only cure. Guaranteed harmless. Sold by progressive druggists everywhere. 1 3

LIMA CHAPTER NO. 49, R. A. M.

Stated convocation tomorrow (Friday) evening. Work on Past and M. E. M. degrees.

W. J. SHEPHERD, H. P.
WALLACE LANDIS, Sec'y.

KID-NE-OIDS cure backache. For sale by all druggists. 1 3t

LIMA CAMP NO. 3390 M. W. A.

Neighbor Askins died this morning There will be a meeting of the camp this evening at the clerk's office to make arrangements for funeral. Come out.

W. T. COPELAND, Clerk.

On account of moving Holland & Thomas' grocery will be closee on Monday. 1 3

WANTS, FOR RENT, LOST, FOR SALE, ETC.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Desirable improved residence property, centrally located, west side, three blocks from square. Will give possession at once, or supply a first-class tenant for a year, at a rental equal to 8½ per cent of value. Good home or investment. If you mean business call on Dr. H. C. Bennett, No. 2, Collins block. 6-6t

WANTED.

WANTED—Good agents for fast selling specialties, no competition; good profit. See Mr. Holt today at Huffman house. 1t*

WANTED—At once, some ladies to work; steady employment to good workers. Call at 132 north Union street; front room. 1t*

FAUROT

Opera House

Thursday, Jan. 16th.

F. C. Whitney and Edwin Knowle's Original New York Production, The Great Religious and Historical Drama,

"Quo Vadis."

Dramatized by Stanislaus Stange.
Staged by Freeman.
MORE MUSIC THAN AN OPERA,
by Julian Edwards.
A Mammoth Company.
23—Speaking Parts Reverently Acted—23
Great Choir Trained Voices.
Carloads of Rich Scenery.
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Sale Opens Wed-

Albrecht Bro's.

THE

American Clothiers.

25%

Discount on Suits and Overcoats.

"Meet Me at the Lima House Corner."

CARROLL & COONEY. CARROLL & COONEY.

Children's Coats at 1-2 Price.

The remainder of children's coats in our house will be sacrificed at one-half and less.

Our large assortment goes for *39 cents.*

$15.00 Suits for $3.98.

We are determined not to carry over to next season a single suit. This morning we placeed on the bargain table ladies'and misses' tailor made suits that were $7.50 to $15.00 at the very low price of $3.98 each. No alterations will be made. No approvals. No charges.

$1.50 Wrappers 79c.

These wrappers are all made of good quality of dark flannelette and are worth $1.00 to $1.50. All sizes.

Carroll & Cooney.

NEARING THE END.

$1.19 a Leg Trousers.

THIS GREAT TROUSER SELLING has continued with unabated vigor. Saturday ran second largest day since the sale started. This is pleasing evidence to us of the importance and appreciation which you have given to it.

Two conditions now limit your opportunity.

One—Spring is on the horizon. The other—the ends and remnants are nearly exhausted.

Let neither scare you away. For at any cost, while we are at it, we shall keep the variety a worthy representation of this store.

WOOLEN TROUSERS $2.38---MADE TO ORDER.

Don't buy a pair of Trousers until you have seen ours. Remember, they are all made in our own workroom, where carefulness and stability are never lacking. There is only one thing sacrificed and that is the price Bear in mind that our assortment of Suitings is as good as ever. During this great sale we will give you one pair of our celebrated $2.38 Trousers gratis with every Suit you purchase of us for the small sum of $15 00.

SCOTCH WOOLEN MILLS CO.,

NEW BLACK BLOCK, LIMA, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TAMMANY HALL'S CHIEF

Remarkable Rise of Lewis Nixon, the New Leader.

HIS CAREER BASED ON ENERGY.

"God Helps Those Who Help Themselves" Has Been the Young Shipbuilder's Life Motto—Interesting Incidents of His Boyhood Days. How He Won His Wife.

The motto of Lewis Nixon, the young shipbuilder and the new leader of Tammany Hall, is "God helps those that help themselves."

The story of Mr. Nixon's success in life and success in love shows how true the motto has been in his case, says the New York World. It is a pretty story of love deferred and struggle and love rewarded. Lewis Nixon was born in 1860 in the little town of Leesburg, Va. His father occupied an official position similar to that of sheriff and was in charge of the jail.

Lewis Nixon, the youngest son—there were two others and one sister—was born in the residence connected with the jail, and it is possible that this early familiarity with the legal side of the derelicts of the human family first turned his mind toward the betterment of the race through the suppression of the vices that lead the way to the jail or prison. In any case, the little Leesburg youngster, with his reddish brown curls and keen, laughing black eyes, spent his babyhood in an environment which doubtless has had a marked effect upon his life.

Lewis Nixon's father was a man of extreme probity and of humble social position. His mother was a lovely woman, gentle and amiable and possessed of every domestic virtue as well as a firm and noble character. Everybody loved Mrs. Nixon. Every one today in Leesburg speaks tenderly of her and regrets that she should have died before her idolized son had reached success. An old friend, a Virginia lady, who has known Lewis Nixon since he was in petticoats, says of him:

"Lewis Nixon was never like any other Leesburg boy. From the time he could toddle he was a personage. I recollect coming across him one spring morning as I walked toward the village. He couldn't have been over three years old at the time. He was lying full length in the road, face downward, leaning on his elbows, studying two 'spessermins,' as he called them. The 'spessermins' were a butterfly and an angleworm. The look of deep study upon the baby's face—he was still in kilts—was so amusing that I stopped and said:

"'Which do you like best, Lewis? Which would you rather be, a butterfly or an angleworm?'

"The small man did not smile, but raised his eyes to me and said, 'I'd rather fly than crawl.'

"He then gathered up his 'spessermins' and departed to seek for more.

"From babyhood Lewis was an enthusiastic naturalist, and his mother would tell of most extraordinary collections of bugs, beetles, lizards and flowers and how Lewis knew the names of every insect, animal and plant in the woods or mountains that surround Leesburg. As a mere baby, or so it seems to me now, Lewis used to go out on long solitary tramps. Sometimes he would start off early in the morning and be gone the entire day, always eager, interested, busy, acquiring through nature, the greatest of all schools, a fund of knowledge that no book made by hands can impart.

"When Lewis was about six years old, he began to take an extraordinary interest in boats. Now, Leesburg is an inland town, and boats require water. The baby in kilts, with his curls flying in the air, built his first boat after plans of his own. I will wager no such craft was ever launched since time began as that same first boat of Lewis Nixon's.

"When the time came to launch the craft, the fact that there was no water did not in the least curb the ardor of the youth shipbuilder. He informed his wondering family that he knew water would run down a hill, and if he could pump water fast enough down a gutter from the pump his ship would float. And it did. Strange and uncanny as the queerly contrived thing looked to everyday eyes, once the engineer—his curls damp with perspiration, his face crimson with the effort of pumping—managed to get a flow of water down the hill, the boat was launched, and, sure enough, she sat the water all right and floated safely down to the pool below, while the exhausted pumper gravely nodded his head and said:

"'I knew it would float. It had to. I made it to float.'

"Once when the craft was broken by running into a handmade bridge over an imaginary stream Lewis' little friends were in great dismay.

"'Oh, Lewis,' they cried, 'what shall we do now the boat is broken?'

"To which the young philosopher replied: 'What of it? If I made it, I expect I can mend it.'

"As a boy Lewis Nixon was masterful. He dominated his playmates. I recollect particularly the way he managed a pair of redheaded twins that were the terror of the community. The twins were putty in Lewis' young hands. He was always at the head of his class, and his teacher used to groan in spirit over his fertility in propounding extraordinary questions and his persistency in sticking at them until he got an answer. He played boats all the time he spent in amusements, so far as I can recollect, up to his fourteenth year, and no one was astonished when it was learned that Lewis Nixon had gone himself to General Eppa Hunton, the congressman from the Eighth district, to use his influence in getting him an appointment at Annapolis.

"We were all surprised when the appointment came and the boy left us to find that our inland baby shipbuilder was first in his class in the profession which from his babyhood had so allured him. At Annapolis Lewis Nixon began to take an interest in affairs social, and when he visited his home he was quite the beau of the Virginia town, where he led germans and was in his way the Elisha Dyer of the best set."

Mr. Nixon has had but a single love affair, and that a most romantic one. In 1888 he met Miss Sally Lewis Wood, a society belle and one of the most beautiful girls of Washington's smart set. With the same singleness of purpose that has characterized the young Virginian from birth Mr. Nixon proceeded to pay court, early, late and assiduously, to the girl who had captured him. But Miss Wood, daughter of the late Colonel Wood of the army and a direct descendant of the colonial general and friend of Washington, was a young lady not to be had for the asking.

According to the story as it is told by those who should know, the country is indebted to the blue eyed daughter of colonial stock for the inspiration that has given to a young man some right to the title of "designer of the new American navy." The story goes that when Lewis Nixon came a-wooing the proud daughter of a long line of famous progenitors said to him:

"Mr. Nixon, I shall never marry a man who has not made a name for himself. The man I marry, if he does not have a high position by inheritance, must acquire it through his own exertions."

And Nixon—so the tale is told—looked into the blue eyes of the girl who held his heart a prisoner and said:

"And when I have made a name, Miss Sally—a name which even a Wood will be proud of—what then?"

The answer to these all important words can only be surmised. Mr. Nixon resigned from the navy to become a designer with Cramp & Sons, the great shipbuilders. He also designed the Oregon. He was with the Cramps and helped to make the warships New York, Indiana, Massachusetts, Iowa, Brooklyn, Minneapolis and the St. Louis and St. Paul for the American line. He built the Holland submarine boat.

In 1895 Mr. Nixon established a shipbuilding plant of his own at Elizabethport, N. J. The concern has grown greatly under his direction and is now building a large number of torpedo boats and doing other work for the government.

In 1891, no longer an unknown young man, Mr. Nixon again paid court to the blue eyed beauty. This time the name Mr. Nixon offered the lady of his heart was one she might well exchange for her own. Mr. Nixon was accepted. In his one romance Mr. Nixon lived up to his motto. He believed God would help the man who helped himself.

The god of love joined forces with the indomitable Virginian and gave him the happiness of a life union with the woman of his choice. One little son, a magnificent chap of seven, who is named Stanhope Wood Nixon and can trace his ancestry in an unbroken line for 370 years, is Mr. Nixon's sole heir.

Old Fashioned Cold Cures

are going out of date. The busy man of today cannot afford to lie abed a whole day and undergo the martyrdom of the sweating process. Krause's Cold Cure are capsules of convenient size, and can be taken without danger while performing your usual duties. They cure in 24 hours. Price 25c. Sold by W. M. Melville.

NEW CARNEGIE PENSION.

Gifts to Trainmen Who Once Worked Under Him.

W. W. Wike, John W. McCune and Henry Hudson, veteran Pennsylvania railroad engineers of Johnstown, Pa., who were retired on pensions some time ago, recently received checks for $20 each from Andrew Carnegie.

Mr. Carnegie was once the superintendent of the Pittsburg division, where these veterans worked, and it is understood to be Mr. Carnegie's purpose to pension all the trainmen who are yet alive who worked during his superintendency of that part of the road, says the Philadelphia Press. Messrs. Wike, McCune and Hudson are to receive $20 each month for life, and if they should die before their wives the latter will continue to receive the Carnegie pensions.

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gentle stimulate liver and bowels to expell poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure constipation and sickheadache. Only 25c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, corner Main and North streets.

Bon Ami

The Finest Cleaner Made

Will not scratch.

CHINESE BANK IDEA LIKED.

Celestials In New York Say the Institution Would Succeed.

Chinese merchants of New York city are much interested in the news which comes from Vancouver, B. C., that Chinese reformers are about to establish banks in the Chinatown districts of several cities in the United States. The plan was first broached when Huang Yu Wei, the energetic reformer, visited the Pacific coast two years ago. He was forced to leave the country before his plans could be carried out, owing, it is said, to the arrival of several highbinders who were commissioned by the empress dowager to kill him. During the Boxer uprising and the resultant trouble, in which the allies took a part, Huang Yu Wei kept in the background.

The reform party in China is now gaining strength every day, and Huang is said to be in possession of considerable funds. He has always desired to gain some hold over the Chinese in America, many of whom lean toward the reform party, and it is said that he believes the chain of banks will give him much influence. The headquarters of the banking system, according to the accounts which have reached New York, will be at Hongkong. The first bank will be established at Vancouver, where there is a large Chinese population.

There is no regular Chinese banking house in New York, though there are many Chinese with large bank accounts. Most of the business goes to the savings banks in the Bowery. The Chinese who get rich in this country seldom invest in real estate, and the stock market is entirely too involved and uncertain to claim any of their profits. They keep most of their wealth in cash and are content with the interest which the banks pay. The poorer Chinese deposit their savings with the merchants, from whom they receive no interest. They are glad to have their money in a safe place and promptly available in case of need. Considering the number of Chinese who leave their money without any particular security with the merchants of the quarter the number of cases in which there has been an attempt at fraud is very small. The Chinese merchant who would violate a trust of this kind would be driven from the quarter as a punishment for his breach of faith.

A great deal of money is sent to China every month by the merchants and other Chinese residents. This exchange would be the principal source of business for a local Chinese bank. It is now handled almost exclusively by the express companies, which issue drafts on Hongkong. Chinese bankers have established a reputation for honesty throughout this country, and if the prospective New York bank is established on a solid basis the Chinese say it will surely succeed.

HAND IN HAND

Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Indigestion the Bane of the Present Day.—Lima People Know the Remedy.

There is a condition that a great many people get into these days, not sick abed, able to be around but never feeling well, weak and the least exertion tuckers them out. As months go on they become weaker until resistance to disease is practically over come. It was directly for this class that Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills were formulated, they provide the lacking element that is wanted to remove the trouble Nerve Force.

Mrs. Jennie Love, of 718 north Union street, Lima, Ohio, says: "As a stomach tonic and nerve tonic Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills I got at Melville's drug store are splendid. Before I used the medicine my food bothered me and the stomach was weak and unable to digest the food. I was nervous as well and weak. Since I used the Nerve Pills everything seems natural again, I eat and digest my food well and the nerves and system are strong again."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package.

Quay as a Faith Healer.

Senator Quay of Pennsylvania is not a laughing man. He rarely lets anything move beyond the twinkle in his eye, but a Florida farmer's impression regarding him made him "let loose," says the New York Times. The senator, returning from a fishing trip to his bungalow at St. Lucie, Fla., rode in an accommodation train, and the farmer sat beside him and questioned him. Quay's knowledge of countryside gossip proved limited and discouraging.

"Don't belong in these parts, do ye?" said the farmer. "Don't know much about Florida, do ye?"

"I have been here several times in my wanderings," said Quay.

"And what might be the reason ye air wanderin'?"

"I am trying to ameliorate the condition of man—the inner man," replied Quay solemnly.

The farmer moved to another seat and remarked to the man beside whom he sat, "Talked to thet feller back thar a good bit 'fore I found out he was one o' them dern faith healers."

FOR PNEUMONIA.

Dr. C. J. Bishop, Agnew, Mich., says: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in three very severe cases of pneumonia with good results in every case." Beware of substitutes.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

A NOTED PHYSICIAN

Makes an Important Statement of Interest to All Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—The honest, intelligent physician is above the 'School.' Whatever is best in each case should be used, no matter to what school a physician belongs. I, as a matter of conscience, can only pre-

DR. WANATA, of Lansing, Mich.

scribe the best, and as I know and have proven that there is nothing in Materia Medica which equals **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** in severe cases of female disorders, I unhesitatingly prescribe it, and have never yet been sorry. I know of nothing better for ovarian troubles and for falling of the womb or ulcerations; it absolutely restores the affected parts to their normal condition quicker and better than anything else. I have known it to cure barrenness in women, who to-day are happy mothers of children, and while the medical profession looks down upon 'patents,' I have learned, instead, to look up to the healing potion, by whatever name it be known. If my fellow physicians dared tell the truth, hundreds of them would voice my sentiments."—DR. WANATA, Lansing, Mich.

$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

The record of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** cannot be equalled. Accept no substitute.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address Lynn, Mass.

Plan to Observe McKinley Day.

The ready response of the governors of states and territories of the United States to Governor George K. Nash's request that Jan. 29 be set apart as McKinley day by official recognition has been most gratifying to the trustees of the McKinley National Memorial association. Had he lived William McKinley would have been fifty-nine years of age on Jan. 29. Governor Nash of Ohio took the initiative step in requesting the governors of the country to issue a proclamation suggesting that memorial services be held in all the churches on Sunday, Jan. 26, preceding McKinley day. On Wednesday, the 29th, a special effort in every section will be made to complete the contributions to the McKinley national memorial tomb to be erected over the grave of the late president at Canton. Eventually it is believed that McKinley day will become one on which the patriotic people of the nation without regard to section or partisanship will meet not only to remember the dead, but in emphasis of the national belief in the perpetuity of those exalted qualities of character, simplicity, dignity, devotion to duty, high ideals and pure American manhood so eminently typified in the private life and public services of William McKinley. This year the people of the nation will show this love and devotion to the man who was so shamefully and suddenly taken away from life by their voluntary contributions to the memorial fund.

A Means of Grace.

When a man has outraged the laws of health and sinned against his stomach and organs, to whom he has been indebted for life and pleasure, what shall save him when pain and disease, to which his ignorance, carelessness or recklessness has brought him, assert their claim? The wise old monks have provided a means of grace in "St. Bernard Vegetable Pills." They take hold of the beginning of things by purifying the blood, and thus regulating digestion and secretion, whereby salvation from disease is secured

He Wouldn't Tell.

First Broker—Did you win or lose in that big drop in the stocks today?

Second Broker (loftily)—That's my business, sir. Say, can you direct me to a five-cent lunch counter?—N. Y. Weekly.

Head Feels Like Bursting.

Maybe you were out late last night? If you had taken a Krause's Headache Capsule before retiring your head would be cool and clear this morning. Take one now and you will be all right in an half hour. Price 25c. Sold by W. M. Melville.

No Wonder.

Mistress—What makes your potatoes so soggy?

New Cook—Pleas, mum, the water they were boiled in was very wet.—N. Y. Weekly.

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vortkamp's, corner Main and North streets. Price 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

SAD MESSAGE OF DEATH

Wireless Telegraph Tells Lightship Keeper of Child's End.

STORM KEPT HIM FROM BEDSIDE.

Captain Jorgenson Describes How the News of His Daughter's Death Came Through the Air—Her Last Words Flashed to Him by the Marconi System.

"Christine is dying. Come home."

Out of the mist and the storm by wireless telegraph came these fateful words to Captain James Jorgenson on the Nantucket lightship. And yet he was powerless to stir from his ocean prison house.

When the first wireless message reached the Nantucket Shoals lightship, informing Captain Jorgenson that his only daughter had been stricken with lockjaw as the result of vaccination, he determined to reach home if it were possible. When it came to launching the boat, however, it was found that no ordinary open boat could live in the angry sea which surged around the lightship. For more than a week the storm had been raging.

Though the captain was willing to brave the dangers in the hope of reaching his dying daughter's bedside, he could not conscientiously ask his men to risk their lives for his sake. He could only spend the dreary hours in wondering how his child was faring, flashing ever and anon messages to the shore making anxious inquiry. As the weary hours crept on Captain Jorgenson paced the storm swept deck of the lightship, watching the elements in hope that there would be a lull in the storm. But its fury increased from day to day.

In the captain's home the grief and anxiety were heartrending. The dying girl expressed but one wish, made but one inquiry, as the hours crept by:

"Why don't father come to me? Shall I see him before I die? Tell him to come quick."

At the signal station on shore the wireless messages were sent out from hour to hour, giving the captain bulletins of his daughter's condition. Every one knew the deep attachment which the old captain felt for his daughter. She had spent days with him on the lightship, helping him to keep his lonely vigil, cheering his dreary existence. Now death was claiming her for its own. Unless the captain were taken from the ship in time he would never see her alive.

Government officials, among whom Captain Jorgenson was a great favorite, planned to relieve the captain's torture. The lightship tender Azalea was requisitioned to effect the captain's rescue. The boat went out to sea in the teeth of the storm. When the Azalea came to within megaphone hailing distance of the lightship, it was found that she could approach no nearer owing to the high seas, and the little tender put back. Then, after days and nights of anguish, the wireless message came, "Christine is dead."

A pitiful hope now sprung up in the bereaved man's heart. If he could only reach home in time to see the dead girl's face, he would snatch from fate some meager crumb of comfort. At last the angry wind expended its fury. A westbound steamer stopped near the lightship, and, though the seas were running dangerously high, the captain managed to reach the deck of the Anchor line steamer Astoria, which enabled the unfortunate and bereaved sailor to reach his daughter's home in Braintree, Mass.

Captain Jorgenson has described for the New York World his hours of anxious waiting and agony on the storm beset lightship:

"On the day my daughter died," said he, "wireless messages which owing to some derangement of the apparatus on land had been delayed began coming at the lightship, the first telling me that my daughter was very sick, another that she was dying and a third that she was dead. It was a weird and dreadful experience, like a ghost message delivered to me by an unseen agency out of the tempest. I was frantic, for I knew it meant death for me to attempt to leave the ship. On Saturday [Jan. 4] and Sunday it was the same, for no boat could reach me, and in my despair, realizing the utter impossibility of reaching land, I nearly died. On Monday the weather cleared, but no boat hove in sight, and not until Tuesday morning, when the Atlantic liner Astoria, from Glasgow, came along, bound inward for New York, was I able to signal. She took me off, and the next day we reached New York. Then came the quarantine and other delays, so that I did not reach home until Thursday.

"I can say nothing more of my experience during that fearful week, longing and praying for one look at my dead daughter's face and fearing that she would be laid away before I could see her. But, thank God, I arrived in time. Now that it is over I feel that my affliction has aged me terribly. I was comparatively young before it happened and my hair was scarcely touched with gray. Now, as you see, it is almost white."

Though fate had played a tragic trick on the aged lightship master, yet it did not deny him the melancholy satisfaction of seeing his daughter before she was laid away in the tomb.

The American In Oriental Fields.

A San Francisco girl has won a prize at a Tokyo art exhibition for work done in the Japanese manner. The versatility of American genius, says the Baltimore Herald, scores another triumph.

NOTICE OF FILING OF PETITION

For Authority to Encumber Church Property.

Notice is herby given that on the 24th day of December, 1901, W. O. Roberts, W. W. Williams, J. L. Sheick, J. L. Davies and G. W. Griffith, as trustees of the Presbyterian church of Gomer, Ohio, filed in the court of common pleas of Allen county, Ohio, a certain petition praying for authority to procure a loan of five hundred ($500.00) dollars for the purpose of completing a house of worship now being erected on the premises of said church located in said village of Gomer, and described as follows: Lot number ten, (10), in the village of Gomer, except therefrom the following described tract: Commencing at the southwest corner of said lot; thence east on the south line of said lot, thirty (30), feet; thence north on a line parallel with the west line of said lot, twenty (20) feet; thence west on a line paralled with said south line of said lot, thirty (30) feet to the west line of said lot; thence south to the place of beginning; and to secure such loan by mortgage on said premises.

Said petition will be for hearing on and after the 27th of January, 1902.

Trustees of the Gomer Presbyterian Church.

Henderson & Rogers,
attorneys for Trustees.

Dec. 26-4 wks.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Jacob Reichelderfer, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executrix of the estate of Jacob Reichelderfer, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 28th day of December, A. D. 1901.

AMANDA REICHELDERFER.
Layton & Son, Attorneys. Executrix.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Before F. E. Duffield, Justice of the Peace, Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

Wm. Pifer, plaintiff,
vs.
Barney Jones, defendant.

On the 18th day of November, 1901, said Justice of the Peace issued an order of attachment, in the above action, for the sum of eleven and 50-100 dollars ($11.50).

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 19, 1901.

Wm. PIFER,
58-6wks Plaintiff.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Before F. E. Duffield, Justice of the Peace, Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

J. F. Schilling, plaintiff,
vs.
John Walsh, defendant.

On the 30th day of November, 1901, said Justice of the Peace issued an order of attachment, in the above action, for the sum of two and 50-100 dollars ($2.50).

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 13, 1901.

J. F. SCHILLING,
58-6wks Plaintiff.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Case No. 5336.

Docket 4. Page 45.

Anna E. Marmon
vs.
David Machan.

Before Wm. E. Reilly, Justice of the Peace, within and for Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

The defendant will take notice that on the 25th day of November, A. D. 1901, said Justice issued an order of attachment in the above entitled action for the sum of $163.50 and that said attachment will be for hearing upon the 10th day of January, A. D. 1902, at 9 o'clock a. m., at his said office.

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 17, 1901.

ANNA E. MARMON.
MINER A. ATMUR, Atty.
57-3wks

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WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

A new road, reaching with its own rails all principal points in

KANSAS, OKLAHOMA, INDIAN TERRITORY AND ARKANSAS,

Connecting with through trains from St. Louis and Kansas City to

NORTH AND SOUTH TEXAS.

Library Observation Sleepers to

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With connections for all points in the

REPUBLIC OF MEXICO.

Excellent service via Burrton, Kas., for points in

COLORADO, NEW MEXICO, ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA and the FAR WEST.

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Full information as to route and rates cheerfully furnished upon application to any local representative, or to

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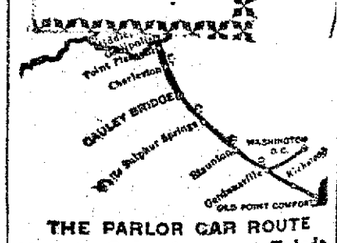

THE PARLOR CAR ROUTE BETWEEN Columbus and Toledo.

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Quick Dessert

JELLYCON

No Cooking
No Baking

Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and set away to harden. Lemon, Orange, Peach, Raspberry, Strawberry, Wild Cherry.

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ERIE RAILROAD

Time Card in Effect Nov. 3rd, 1901.
From Lima, Ohio.

TRAINS WEST. Depart.
No. 5 Vestibule Limited, daily for Chicago and the West.....11:55 a m
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West..... 1:12 a m
No. 1, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West 9:10 a m
No. 15, Wells-Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday.. ... 2:50 p m

TRAINS EAST.
No. 8, Vestibule Limited daily, for New York and Boston..... 9:02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday ..... 8:24 p m
No. 12, Express, daily for New York ..... 8:41 a m
Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.
Through Coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.
FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. S. MORRISON, Trav. Pass. Agt. Huntington.

C. H. & D. RAILROAD.

South Bound.

		Departs.
No. 7.	Daily	2:10 a m
No. 11.	Daily except Sunday	5:30 a m
31,	leaves daily except Sunday	8:55 a m
No. 5.	Daily	12:41 p m
No. 3.	Daily	4:20 p m
No. 9.	Daily	6:00 p m
No. 65.	Sunday only	6:50 a m
No. 13.	Daily, except Sunday, Arr.	7:45 p m

North Bound.

		Departs.
No. 12.	Daily	2:35 a m
14.	leaves daily except Sunday	5:35 a m
2.	leaves daily except Sunday	8:00 a m
No. 6.	Daily	11:57 a m
No. 4.	Daily except Sunday	4:35 p m
No. 60.	Sunday only	7:43 a m
No. 10	Daily except Sunday, Arr.	9:00 p m
No. 58.	Sunday only, Arr.	9:55 p m

L. E. & W. RAILROAD.

East Bound—Leaving Time.
No. 2. Eastern Express, daily.....6:11 p m
No 4. N. Y. and Boston Lm'td, except Sunday .....1:42 p m
No. 8. Cleveland and Buffalo Fast Mail, except Sunday.....8 15 a m

West Bound—Leaving Time.
No 1. N. Y., Kansas City and Denver Lm'td, daily .....9:47 a m
No. 3. Lima and St. Louis Express, except Sunday .....3:50 a m
No. 5. N. Y., Cleveland and Indianapolis Express, except Sunday .....4:38 p m
No 7. Cleveland and Lima Special, arrives except Sunday .....8:20 p m

Trains No. 2 and 4 run in connection with the L. S. & M. S. "fast flyers," the most magnificently appointed trains in the world for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Montreal and all eastern cities. Trains No. 1 and 8 make close connection at Bloomington and Peoria with through trains for all points in the West, Northwest and Southwest. Trains No 1 and 2 have modern, up-to-date parlor and dining car service.

Inquire further of F. A. Burkhardt, City Passenger Agent. Bell Phones 159 and 872.

LOCAL TIME CARD.

P. F. W. & C.

No.		
	EAST BOUND.	
34.	Pittsburg special, daily	12:53 a. m.
6.	Eastern express, daily	7:34 a. m.
38.	Cheraw accommodation, daily except Sunday	2:00 p. m.
22.	To Rushville, daily except Sunday	2:27 p. m.
20.	New York special, daily	5:37 p. m.
8.	Day Express, daily	9:30 p. m.
2.	Limited Express, daily	10:49 p. m.
	WEST BOUND.	
45.	Chicago and west daily	2:00 a. m.
5.	Limited Express, daily	3:30 a. m.
21.	Chicago Special, daily	8:35 a. m.
39.	Chicago and west, daily except Sunday	9:40 a. m.
9.	Chicago and west daily	2:25 p. m.
65.	Fort Wayne accommodation daily except Sunday	5:20 p. m

C. L. & N. RAILROAD.

No. 1 A. M.		No. 2 P. M.
7:00 Lv. 00	Defiance (1)	Ar 4:20
03	*Miller	
05	*Mentley	
7:24 Lr. 07	Southerton	Lv 4:06
7:30 Lv. 09	Rice	Lv 4:00
7:45 Ar. 14	Continental (2)	Lv 3:45
8:15 Lv.	Continental (2)	Ar 3:15
18	*Leon	
8:35 Ar. 20	Dorrington (8)	Lv. 2:55
8:45 Lv. 20	Dorrington (8)	Ar 2:45
8:55 Ar. 22	Kalida	Lv 2:35
9:10 Lv. 22	Kalida	Ar 2:20
27	*Soltz	
9:31 Lv. 29	Jones City (4)	Lv 1:59
9:40 Lv. 32	Gomer	Lv 1:50
38	*Pogue	
10:00 Ar 40	North Lima (5)	Lv 1:30
10:05 Ar. 41	C. H. & D. Yds. (5)	Lv 1:25

*—Flag Stations.
1—Nos 1 and 2 daily, except Sundays.

DETROIT SOUTHERN.

Time of trains passing Lima, Ohio.

Sout Bound.
No. 1. ..... 2:15 p. m.
No. 3. ..... 6:00 a. m.

North Bound.
No. 3. ..... 10:55 a. m.
No. 4. Arrives..... 8:35 p. m.

All trains daily except Sunday, except on the southern division, Nos. 1 and 2 run daily between Lima and Bainbridge.

Train No. 1 leaves Fort street, Union Station, Detroit at 8:35 a. m., Adrian 11:03 a. m., Napoleon 12:30 p. m., Hamler 12:58 p. m. Leipsic 1:16 p. m., Ottawa 1:29 p. m., Cairo 1:57 p. m., Uniopolis 2:43 p. m., Jackson Center 3 02 p. m., Quincy 3:39 p. m., St. Paris 3:56 p. m., Springfield 4:55 p. m., arrives at Bainbridge 7:15 p. m.

Train No. 3 leaves Lima 6:00 a. m., Uniopolis 6.38 a. m., Jackson Center 6:53 a. m., St. Paris 7:41 a. m., Springfield 8:35 a. m., Washington C. H. 9:40 a. m., Bainbridge 10.37 a. m., arrive at Jackson 12:35 p. m.

Train No. 3 leaves Bainbridge 6:00 a. m., Springfield 8:35 a. m., St. Paris 9:15 a. m., Jackson Center 10:03 a. m., Uniopolis 10:26 a. m. Cairo 11.13 a. m., Ottawa 11:27 a. m., Leipsic 11.45 a. m., Napoleon 12:30 p. m., Adrian 2:05 p. m., arrive Detroit 4:45 p. m.

Train No. 4 leaves Jackson 1:15 p. m., Bainbridge 3:10 p. m., Washington C. H. 4.10 p. m., South Charleston 5:29 p. m., Springfield 6:05 p. m., Thackery 6:35 p. m., St. Paris 6:45 p. m., Jackson Center 7:35 p. m., St. Johns 7 49 p. m., arrives at Lima 8:35 p. m.

Close connection at junction points with connecting lines.

For further information or descriptive folder, call on nearest agent or address,

GEORGE H. HENRY,
G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

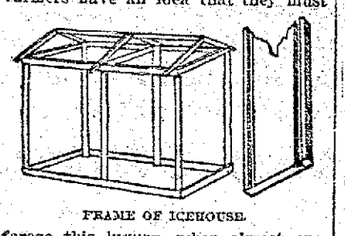
Cure the World's Headaches.
BROMO-PEPSIN
Sparkling, Effervescent, Cooling.
No Opiates. Prompt in its Action
All Druggists, 10c, 25c and 50c.

FARM AND GARDEN

A FARM ICEHOUSE.

A Small, Inexpensive Building That Will Hold a Good Supply.

At very little expense an icehouse can be constructed that will hold and keep well all the ice needed for any farmer's family. We are using a small, cheap building that keeps the ice as well as one we built twenty years ago that cost four times as much, says a Rural New Yorker correspondent. Some farmers have an idea that they must



FRAME OF ICEHOUSE.

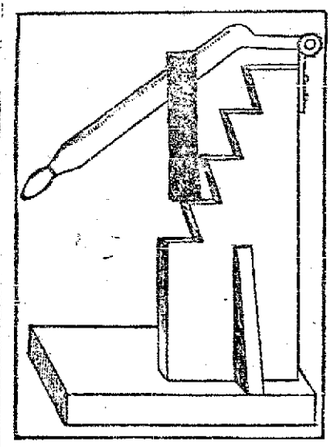
forego this luxury, when almost any kind of a shed will preserve the ice very well, provided it is properly packed. Our present icehouse is built as cheaply as possible and took less than a day's work in construction. The figure shows the plan of the framework. We used white oak poles set into the ground about two feet. Some cheap hardwood bill stuff of 2 by 4 and 2 by 6 pieces were used for plates, nail ties, braces and rafters. A fair grade of pine stock boards 12 inches wide was used for siding. The siding was nailed on the inside of the poles horizontally, better to resist lateral pressure from the packed ice and sawdust. A better grade of stock boards one foot wide furnished a good roof. Such a board roof should be made quite steep to shed water and, with kerfs cut on each edge, makes almost a perfect roof.

The figure shows how the kerfs are cut, one-half inch wide and three-eighths of an inch deep. The roof boards should be dressed on their upper surface, and the kerfs should be cut at least three-fourths of an inch from each edge. The mill operator sets the buzzsaw out of line on the mandrel shaft just right to make a half inch wabble. Nail the roof boards on each edge, outside the kerfs, and drive one nail in the center of the board. Our icehouse cost us less than $15 and will last as long and keep ice just as well as one costing $100 or more.

Device For Cutting Kindling.

The following device for a wood cutting machine adapted to households where a great deal of old boards, boxes, lids, etc., are used for kindling is very prominent in German American homes in the northwest, according to an Ohio Farmer correspondent:

On a strong, heavy base is raised horizontally a strong, thick board about



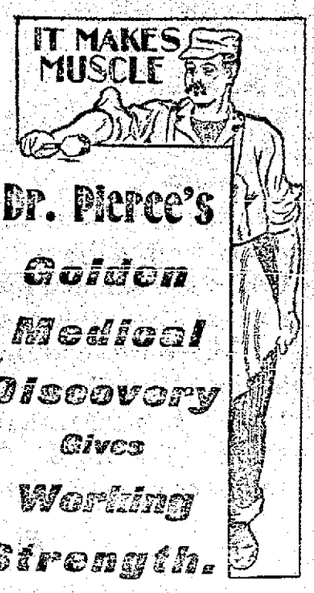
A WOOD CUTTING MACHINE.

forty inches in height, with four or more cuts on the one side, as the accompanying cut shows. From the top there is suspended a heavy, swordlike, knife shaped ax, with a handle, with which the wood is split. The pieces which are desired to be broken crosswise should be laid across the uppermost "step" and hacked with the ax a few times, whereupon they are easily broken into small pieces.

Interesting Facts.

According to The Industrialist, wheat experiments conducted at the Kansas Agricultural college for eighteen years show that proper preparation before seeding increases the yield 40 per cent. Steers fed the ordinary ration fatten in from five to seven months. On a balanced ration they are ready for market in from 80 to 100 days, and a feeder who knows how can produce a balanced ration as cheaply as the ordinary one. The college purchased half of a farmer's herd of hogs, taking a fair average of the lot, and fattened these hogs in fifty days, while the farmer, doing the best he could, marketed his in 110 days. The college spent less for feed and had risk from disease for less than half the time. By feeding alfalfa hay with grain to fattening hogs the college secured 288 pounds of pork per ton of hay fed. It pays to know what type of animal gives best results for feed consumed. In 1898 a scrub cow of the dairy type gave milk worth $40.37 above cost of the feed, while another scrub not of the dairy type yielded milk during the year worth $6.25 less than her feed. Steers of the beef type required one-half the feed consumed by steers not having a beef form to make a pound of gain.

According to assessors' reports, in 1900 there were in California 16,102,876 bearing fruit trees and 13,209,411 nonbearing, an aggregate number of 29,402,287 trees, covering an area of 452,252 acres.



Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery Gives Working Strength.

"I know you expected a letter from me some time ago, but I will state my reasons, plainly, why I did not write before this," says Mr. Joseph Grass, of Brewer, Perry Co., Mo. "It was because I did not wish to deceive any one. I wanted to be sure that your 'Golden Medical Discovery' had benefited me and it took time after I stopped taking the medicine before I felt sure I had realized permanent results from its use. After taking six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and one vial of your 'Pleasant Pellets' *am able to do a day's work with any man.* I cannot express in words the good your medicines have done me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

HARVARD'S LATEST MOVE.

Will Establish an Information Bureau For the Benefit of Visitors.

One of the features of the beautiful new fence which a number of the older classes have united to erect around the Harvard yard is a small lodge which is intended to be used as headquarters for a kind of "information bureau," mainly for the benefit of the increasing number of visitors who come to Cambridge every year with the idea, as the college joke has it, of "going through Harvard" in a day's sightseeing. The university has recently established also a system of undergraduate guides, the guides of former years—many of them more or less irresponsible "hangers on"—having disseminated so much misinformation among their victims that for the protection of every one concerned some step of this kind had to be taken.

The new lodge was built by the class of 1877, of which Governor William E. Russell was a member. It is at the nearest entrance to the car line from Boston and is therefore in the best possible location to serve as a center of information. The official in charge will be surrounded with printed matter concerning the various departments of the university and will thus be in a position to answer practically every possible question about the college, from the present residence of a newly arrived freshman to the past history of the oldest and most historic of the Harvard buildings. The lodge will also probably be equipped with a telephone, which will be at the service of the students during any hour of the day or night.

Frank Treadwell, Bennett, Ia., was troubled with kidney disease for two years. He writes: "I had taken several kinds of kidney remedies, but with little benefit. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and one dollar cured me.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

Call a man a donkey and he is apt to kick.

Kindly take notice that Ely's liquid Cream Balm is of great benefit to those sufferers from nasal catarrh who cannot inhale freely through the nose, but must treat themselves by spraying. Liquid Cream Balm differs in form, but not medicinally from the Cream Balm that has stood for years at the head of remedies for catarrh. It may be used in any nasal atomizer. The price, including a spraying tube, is 75 cents. Sold by druggists and mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Sleeves are showing a good deal of fullness from the elbows downward, but remain tight at the top.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the only perfect healer of cuts, burns, bruises, sores, scalds, boils, ulcers, felons, aches, pains, and all skin eruptions. Only infallible pile cure. 25c a box at H. F. Vortkamp's, corner Main and North streets.

The open-work stocking is the correct thing for small children.

LA GRIPPE coughs often continue for months and sometimes lead to fatal results after the patient is supposed to have passed the danger point. Foley's Honey and Tar affords positive protection and security from these COUGHS.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

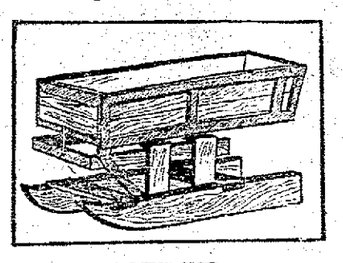
FARM AND GARDEN

A HANDY DUMP SLED.

A Convenience For Hauling Manure and Dirt In the Winter.

The illustrations show a dumping sled for one or two horses which an Ohio Farmer correspondent considers a convenience for hauling dirt and manure that will be appreciated by many. His plan for its construction is as follows:

Take two pieces of 3 inch plank for runners which connect with two cross-pieces of 2 by 4 scantling mortised into the planks. On inside of each runner nail or bolt securely at required distance apart two uprights of about 1½ by 5-inch material. The distance apart and length of these uprights will be dependent upon the length of sled box. Gouge out a V shaped notch in

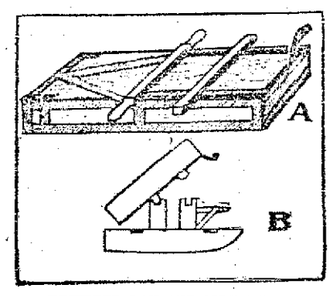


A DUMP SLED.

top of each of the two rear uprights and make a square or rectangular notch in tops of two front ones.

Make a box of the dimensions thought most suitable for the object in view, a little longer than broad, however, in all cases. Put a 2 by 4 inch crosspiece on bottom of box near the center. Round off the projecting ends of this crosspiece to fit in the tops of rear uprights of runners. Put another lighter crosspiece on bottom of box in front of the other, at right point to have its projecting ends rest in the top notches of the front uprights. Over the ends of the center crosspiece that rest in the rounded notches put iron straps or clips to prevent the ends of crosspiece from moving out of place and yet allow them to turn in the notches. The front of box can now be raised, the center crosspiece on bottom acting as a pivot by reason of its rounded ends.

A framework is put inside of the four uprights, extending under front of box and being braced as is shown in the illustration. To keep box from dumping while the sled is being loaded or in transit the front end is fastened down to this framework by a hinge hasp and staple such as are used to hold shut the lid of a chest, a door etc. If the crosspiece which acts as pivot is placed a little in front of box center, the sled when evenly loaded will dump itself as soon as hasp is disengaged. If a little to the rear of center, the front of box will have to be raised by hand when desiring to dump



INVERTED BOX AND SIDE VIEW.

it. The exact location of the pivot crosspiece will therefore determine the ease of dumping, and the matter may be settled to suit the wishes of the builder of sled.

When the box is in its horizontal position and the hasp is fastened, insert a wooden or other pin in the hasp staple in the place that would be occupied by a padlock were the hasp used as a door or lid latch. Make an end gate at the rear of the box. In Fig. 2 A shows the box inverted in order to explain fully the manner of applying the supporting crosspieces, and B shows a side view of the sled and makes plain the dumping idea.

While this kind of a dumping box could be used on any size of sled, so far as the main idea is concerned, it would not be satisfactory if the box were made too large, as the increased height of the uprights in this case would make the sled inconvenient to load and handle. On a sled of a size adapted to one horse ordinarily, or two horses in case of being loaded with very heavy material, the sled is very satisfactory. It is especially convenient to have this sled stand where the manure from the stable can be thrown into the box, and when full hitch on the team and haul it to the field and dump it.

Irrigation Is Fertilization.

Irrigation now means also fertilization. The Arizona station estimates that the value of the silt deposits on irrigated lands of Salt river for one year at commercial rates for fertilizers contained is about $1,000,000 and second only to the value of the water for irrigation. The potash, nitrogen and phosphoric acid in the waters of irrigation per acre are thus calculated:

	When sampled.	Per ct. silt by volume.	Com'l value.
Colorado river	Oct. 11-20	7.88	$8 54
Salt river	Sept. 1-9	2.35	23 23
Gila river	Sept. 8-15	19.90	35 49

The value of silt is illustrated in the case of a farmer who had a surplus of water and raised an embankment three feet high at the lower end of a piece of rough land, and in six weeks the embanked space was half full of mud and when drained became a valuable field of fertile soil.

POTATO CULTURE.

Things Worth Knowing—Results of Three Seasons' Experiments.

According to the fourth and latest of its interesting reports on experiments in the tillage of potatoes, the Cornell (N. Y.) station has arrived at the following conclusions:

Intensive tillage alone is not sufficient to produce a large yield of potatoes. The soil upon which the potatoes are grown should be properly supplied with humus if moisture is to be conserved through a drought.

On a soil well supplied with humus the moisture may be conserved even through a severe drought and a fair crop of potatoes produced.

Spraying with bordeaux mixture in nearly every case has increased the yield of potatoes even when blight has not been prevalent. The practice should become more general.

Harrowing potato land after potatoes are planted and before the plants are above ground is a wise practice.

Intensive tillage may be overdone. During a drought only so much tillage is necessary as shall keep the surface mulch loose and thoroughly dry. The drier the surface layer of soil the more slowly will moisture be absorbed by it from the layers of subsurface soil.

Spraying with bordeaux mixture should be done thoroughly.

Pruning potato vines to one main stem was not beneficial.

Potato machinery, while not yet perfected, has reached such a degree of perfection that where potatoes are grown upon any considerable area special potato machinery should be provided. Implements should be purchased which are found adapted to the local conditions.

There is no royal road to success with potatoes. Methods of procedure which are applicable during one season must be modified to meet the requirements of another season. Treatment of one soil might be radically wrong when applied to another soil. Success will only be attained by thorough familiarity with the plant and its habits of growth, and then conditions must be made to meet as completely as possible the requirements of the plant.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that the meeting of the stockholders of the Crystal Ice & Coal Co. will be held Monday, Jan. 20, 1902, at 2 p.m., at the office of the company, north McDonel street Ice Plant, for the election of board of directors and transaction of any other busines that may come before the meeting. J. A. DUTTON, Sec'y.

6-tt.

London Women Vegetarians.

Women vegetarian enthusiasts in London are doing some beneficent as well as educational work in their charity this summer. The New York Tribune tells of four new soup kitchens for poor children, through which it is hoped this diet may be introduced into large numbers of these homes. As soon as the kitchens are in full operation it is intended that soup shall be furnished to families in their homes at a nominal cost.

Each kitchen is provided with six huge boilers of soup, and for a penny any waif may obtain one pint of soup, a large slice of whole meal bread and another of whole meal currant bread, sometimes varied with a sweet. The scheme was introduced by Miss Florence I. Nicholson, general secretary of the London Vegetarian society, and the London Vegetarian association.

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Wm. Melville's drug store, old post office corner

English Women as Physicians.

That the English woman is establishing a reputation in the profession of medicine is evidenced by the fact that at the last intermediate examinations of the University of London for the degree of bachelor of medicine twenty-one women students who presented themselves passed with credit, two taking honors. Also encouraging is the increasing number of women receiving public appointments in institutions where women and children are treated and serving on hospital staffs. The Metropolitan Hospital For Women at Euston road is managed almost wholly by women physicians. The London Royal Free hospital has appointed two resident medical officers who are women.

Rosy Cheeks.

Do you want them? Do you simply want to glow with health? Do you want to eat well, sleep well and work well? Try Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound. Sold by W. M. Melville.

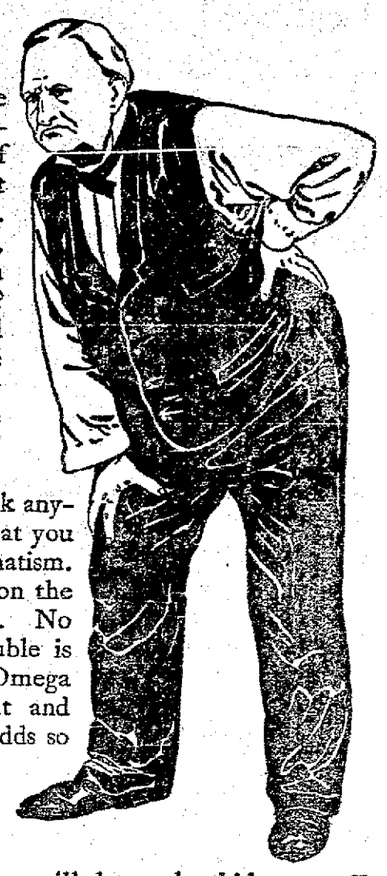
It is reported that Miss Hattie Seitz of Topeka, Kan., was recently made first deputy sheriff because of her courage and persistence. She traveled thirty miles on horseback to arrest three men charged with murder and succeeded in bringing them safely to jail.

Often the shrinking effect of raindrops seems to have ruined light silks, when all that is required is to iron the silk on the wrong side with a piece of muslin between the goods and the iron.

Thirty-four women schoolteachers from Cuba have entered the State Normal school at New Paltz, N. Y., for a year's instruction. The Cuban government is paying their expenses.

Rheumatism

Omega Oil



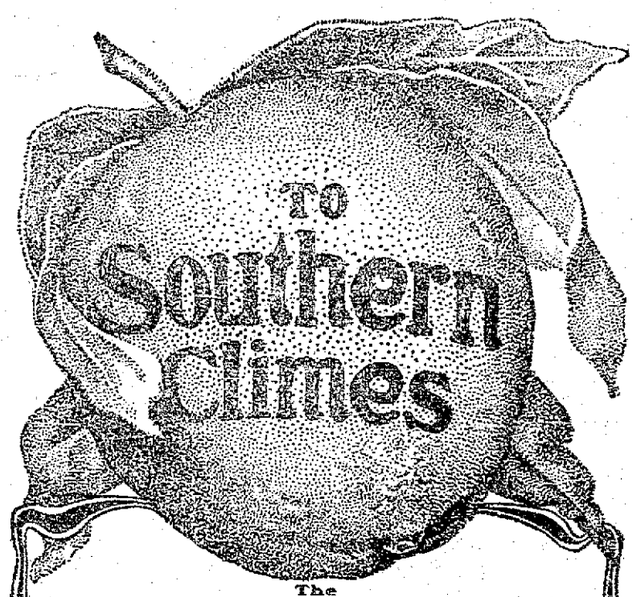
Many people believe Rheumatism is a disease of the blood. Perhaps it is, and perhaps it is not. If it is a blood disease, why is it the pain often stays in the same place? Why is it the blood doesn't always carry the disease all over the body and into every muscle and joint? Your doctor may be able to explain it, but it is all guesswork anyhow. Omega Oil is what you ought to use for Rheumatism. It is to be well rubbed on the place where the pain is. No matter whether the trouble is in the blood or not—Omega Oil goes in, finds it out and cures it. What's the odds so long as you get relief? Drink plenty of fresh water every night and morning while using Omega Oil. The water will keep the kidneys well flushed, and will bring about a quicker cure of Rheumatism. Try this plan for two weeks and see the result. 767

THOSE TERRIBLE GRIPING PAINS

PAINS IN THE STOMACH!

Terrible griping pains, due to undigested food, which should help to nourish instead of lying idle and rotting in the stomach, causing pain and suffering. Nothing gives relief until the cause—DYSPEPSIA—has been cured. TABER'S PEPSIN COMPOUND cures dyspepsia and the results of dyspepsia, in all forms. Not a patent medicine, but a physician's prescription. Your druggist has it—or, if not, we send it, prepaid, 50c and $1.00. Write us for free trial bottle.

DR. TABER MFG. CO., Peoria, Ill.



The
Queen & Crescent and Southern Railway.

On January 6, 1902, the Chicago & Florida Special will go into service for the season. Magnificent Train, Dining Cars, Composite and Observation Cars, Through Compartment and Open Standard Sleepers from Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Toledo, Pittsburg, Louisville and Cincinnati to St. Augustine without change. Three Trains Daily Cincinnati to Florida. Through Sleepers St. Louis to Charleston. Double Daily Service Cincinnati to New Orleans: 24 hour schedules. Winter Tourist Tickets at low rates now on sale. Write for free printed matter.

H. J. VAN DERMARK, N. E. P.A., 87 WOODWARD AVE., DETROIT, MICH.
W. J. MURPHY, GEN'L MANAGER. W. C. RINEARSON, GEN'L PASS'GR AGENT.
CINCINNATI.

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE
SAPOLIO

EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get
Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills
They are prompt, safe and certain in result.
The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for $1.00 per box.
For Sale by Wm. Melville, corner of Main and High Sts.

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FIRE

Destroys the Banta Candy Factory.

Early Morning

Battle Given the Fire Departments.

Six Streams of Water Used for an Hour Before the Fire Was Checked.

The Fire May Have Been of Incendiary Origin—Loss is Heavy and Only Partly Covered by Insurance.

One of the worst fires that the fire department of this city has had to fight for many months and the most destructive fire that has visited this city for quite a long time, started this morning between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock in the Banta candy factory building on west North street immediately in the rear of the Holmes block and Times-Democrat building. The flames, when discovered, were confined almost entirely to the lower part of the brick structure at the rear of the long frame that fronts on North street but with startling rapidity the fire gained headway and swept through the center of the building, the hungry flames being fed by the pine and pasteboard boxes with which the packing and shipping departments were heavily stocked.

Had a Good Start.

The fire was discovered by some one at 3:45 o'clock and a telephone message was immediately sent to the central fire department station. The central department turned out in good time but upon arriving at the scene of the fire a glance was sufficient to convince the firemen that they had a serious battle ahead of them. It was very evident that the fire had originated in the basement at the extreme rear of the factory and in the immediate vicinity of the boiler room, but the flames had spread so rapidly that their forked tongues were leaping through the windows of the second floor and the interior of the entire building was so terribly heated and filled with fire and smoke that it was impossible for the firemen to get directly at the base of the conflagration. Two or three lines of hose were laid and as soon as possible the north side and south side departments were called to the scene. When the additional forces reached the scene five lines of hose were laid and the efforts of the firemen soon began to have effect on the flames. Then chief Coats ordered the Silsby steamer brought from the central station and a heavy stream of water that was pumped from a cistern on west North street added considerably to the ability of the department to cope with the fire. Inch by inch the firemen worked their way into the building following the nozzels of their lines of hose almost into the flames.

Rooms Were Empty.

Some one shouted to the firemen that some persons were in the rooms above the office at the North street end of the building and fireman John Maurer rushed into the dense smoke to investigate. There were three rooms on the second floor that were furnished as sleeping apartments but fireman Maurer, after being almost overcome by the smoke and intense heat, found the rooms unoccupied. The battle against the flames continued until about 10 o'clock this morning before the last blaze was extinguished. Before daylight a portion of the south wall gave way, some of the brick and mortar falling out into the alley, and fearing that the remaining brick walls might fall in upon either the firemen or some of the spectators who were crowding about the scene, chief Coats ordered the firemen to tear down the dangerous portion of the brick walls.

The Origin.

The origin of the fire is a mystery that may never be fully cleared. The flames started in the boiler room and it is posible that they started from the fire that was kept under the boiler yesterday, but there is also a strong suspicion that the disastrous conflagration was of incendiary origin. About 3 o'clock one of the night firemen at the electric light station saw two men passing through the alley and noticed that they carried some light wood or kindling but whether they entered the candy factory building or not no one has been able to say. If they did start the fire they accomplished their work well for the building was completely gutted by the flames and that portion that is still standing is merely a shell. All of the extensive stock of goods that was on hand, packed in boxes and barrels, the machinery and all other equipment in the factory was ruined by fire and water, the office alone escaping complete destruction.

The Loss is Heavy.

F. J. Banta, proprietor of the establishment, was out of the city last night and was caught at Troy by a telegram early this morning. He arrived in the city on the C. H. & D. paper train and went directly to the ruins of the factory but until he makes a careful inventory of the contents of the building he cannot definitely estimate the loss. At a rough estimate however, the loss is placed at about $18,000 and Mr. Banta's personal loss will undoubtedly be quite heavy as the property is not thought to have been insured for more than one half the amount of the loss. The factory will be rebuilt as soon as possible and all orders will be promptly filled in the meantime by other factories.

The members of the fire department are deserving of credit for the splendid and effective manner in which they fought the fire and prevented the flames from spreading to the adjoining properties. At noon, after the firemen had completed their work, they enjoyed a good dinner at the Elk, ordered by Mr. Banta.

LUNG TROUBLE

Causes the Death of Edward Dunn, of McKibben St.

Edward Dunn, aged 30 years, son of Mrs. Mary D. Dunn, of 119 west McKibben street, passed away at the family residence at 8 o'clock this morning. The deceased was a victim of lung trouble, from which he had suffered for the past year. He was a tailor by trade and was well known in this city. To mourn his demise are his mother, two brothers and three sisters. The funeral services will be held at St. Rose church Saturday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Burial will take place in the family lot in Gethsemani cemetery.

THE COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE WILL BE KEPT OPEN WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS OF THIS WEEK FROM 6:30 TO 8:30, TO ACCOMMODATE THOSE WHO CANNOT COME IN DURING THE DAY. wed&thur

ANNUAL

Meeting of Ohio National Bank Stockholders.

Directors and Officers Elected and Semi-annual Dividend of Four Per Cent Declared.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Ohio National Bank, the following directors were elected Tuesday.

J. C. Thompson, Frank Ewing, William Roberts, H. Kibby, F. W. Holmes, H. M. Colvin, L. H. Kibby, J. R. Sinclair, J. W. Griffin.

The board of directors organized by electing J. C. Thompson, president; Frank Ewing, vice President; L. H. Kibby, cashier; C. H. East, assistant cashier.

J. R. Sinclair succeeds I. W. Satterthwaite as a member of the official board of the bank, the latter being in California. At the meeting the regular semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent was declared. The surplus was increased to $25,000 and about $8,000 was carried over as undivided profits. This makes the capital surplus and profits undivided to reach the sum of $153,000.

THE ELKS

Will Hold a German Social at Their Rooms Tonight.

The Elks will give a German social session tonight and the members will imagine they are in Germany. The committee has gone to an enormous expense to make this a howling success. The music will be popular German airs and the lunch will be strictly German. All members are requested to come early and bring along their wooden shoes.

DISCOVERED

The Fire in Time to Prevent a Heavy Loss.

Last evening about 8 o'clock proprietor McCune, of the Racket store on Main street, was about to lock up his place when he discovered that a bundle of umbrellas had caught fire from an overheated flue. The fire department was notified but the blaze was soon extinguished without the use of a line of hose or the chemicals and very little damage was done.

NEWS

Of the City Across the River.

A Scaffold Fell

With Joseph Linderman Yesterday.

Officers of Solar Lodge I. O. O. F. Were Installed Last Night.

Funeral of the Late William Dailey Held From Grace M. E. Church This Morning—New Case of Diphtheria.

Joseph Linderman, of Reece avenue, was working upon a scaffold yesterday afternoon when it suddenly collapsed, precipitating him to the ground twenty feet below. He struck upon his shoulders sustaining several painful bruises and sprains. The contusion inflicted upon the left side of his face proved the most serious. Though suffering greatly, he continued work deeming himself fortunate when considering the circumstances.

Rosco Black, of Ada, is the guest of relatives on St. John's avenue.

Clement Darart, accompanied by his wife, returned to their home on east Kibby street, last night, from visiting at Spencerville.

Mrs. S. Risser, of west Kibby street, who has been confined to her home several months with a fractured ankle, is able to walk about the house now and hopes to soon, be able to regain complete use of the injured member. Owing to her age the injury was of an unusually severe nature.

George Thompson, of Detroit, Mich., being here to accept his handsome business block on south Main street from the contractors, has returned home. He was accompanied by Mrs Thompson. While here they were the guests of John Thompson and wife.

William Runyan returned last night from a business mission at Delphos

Mrs. Mary Humes continues dangerously ill at her home on St. Johns avenue. She has been under the care of several physicians the past few days but unfortunately does not improve. Her relatives are very apprehensive

"What is the matter with Lima?" Rev. Sims of the Christian church will answer the striking question during his discourse tomorrow evening. The subject has caused much comment, aroused great interest and created many conjectures as to the trend of the discussion. Undoubtedly a large audience will be pleased to learn what Rev. Sims believes is the matter with Lima.

The committee appointed to arrange for the men's meeting at Grace church Sunday afternoon are meeting with greater success than anticipated. Indications are that it will be one of the greatest meetings of the kind ever held in this city.

A. W. Miller, visiting relatives on Oak street, has gone to his home at Celina.

Daniel Burke, spending several days with friends here has returned to Decatur, Ind.

Henry Davis left this morning for his home at McGuffey.

The installation of officers occurred at Solar lodge room last night. F. E. Arnold, of Spencerville, district deputy grand master, performed the ceremonies of induction. The following corps of elective officers were first installed: Joel Spyker N. G.; E. L Kraft, V. G.; E. L. Welker, secretary; F. A Stepleton, financial secretary; Daniel Cramer, treasurer; J. H. Kindree, trustee. The other officials are: A. Warner, R. S. N. G.; N. M. Southerland, L. S. N. G.; C. H. McCoy, warden; W. Wetherill, conductor; Frank Brown, O. G.; Harry Bryan, I. G.; Homer Bishop, R. S. S.; A. Dotson, L. S. S.; Roy Wetherill, L. S. V. G.

At Grace church this morning, Rev. W. J. Hagerman conducted the funeral services of Dr. William Dailey. The obsiquies were very largely attended. Owing to the interment being at Hopewell cemetery near Roundhead, the services at the church were at nine o'clock.

Dr. and Mrs M. S. Bowser handsomely entertained a number of friends at an elegant dinner party at their spacious home on south Main street, yesterday evening.

Day meetings in conjunction with the revival services in the evening are now in progress at Grace church.

Three great mass meetings will be held at the Christian church Sunday. The program outlined is different from anything of the kind ever before undertaken here.

After the evangelistic meeting at the Baptist church last night, a large number proceeded to the home of M. Irwin, to pleasantly remind him of his birthday anniversary. The affair was an agreeable one mutually enjoyed.

Rev. W. G. Smith of the Presbyterian church, returned from Ada, for a few hours yesterday, but has returned to assist Rev Elder in evangelistic services. Mr. Smith has already made a very favorable impression in the college town. His discourses are largely attended by university students.

Danna, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. DeVoe, of south West street, is one of the latest diphtheria patients in this locality.

Mrs. J. B. Lomison, of south Main street, who has been critically ill the past few days, is still in a precarious condition. Last night she suffered more than any time during her sickness. Her relatives are very apprehensive of her recovery.

Mrs. Rudy, wife of Dr. A. S. Rudy, became suddenly ill at her home on south Main street yesterday evening. The attack of sickness was so violent that for awhile her life was almost dispaired of. She finally rallied and is today considerably improved. It is believed now she will soon recover.

Mrs. Holtzfoster, after a protracted illness that at times created grave apprehensions, is slowly convalescing at her home on west Kibby street.

Edward Smith engaged at Tipton, Ind., the past few months, has returned here for an indefinate stay.

Mrs. Sarah Vernon, visiting at Bluffton, is again at the home of her son, A. W. Vernon, of Greenlawn avenue.

E. R. Edwards, of east Kibby street, accompanied by his wife, are back from Yorkshire, where they attended the funeral of Mr. Edward's brother, Newton.

Thomas Murry, employed at Hartford City, Ind., is here for a stay with local friends.

J. W. Sweeney, of Norwalk, is mingling with south Main street acquaintances.

William Cartey, of Cleveland, called upon south side friends yesterday.

B. L. Stable, of Detroit, Mich., was the guest of friends in this vicinity last night.

Mrs. Henry Simons, who has been confined to her home on east Kibby street by a prolonged illness, is now entirely recovered.

WIFE

Of County Surveyor Craig of Wapakoneta.

Died at the City Hospital This Morning, After Undergoing a Surgical Operation.

Mrs. Rachael Craig wife of county surveyor, Samuel Craig of Wapakoneta passed away at the city hospital this morning shortly after 11 o'clock.

Last Friday Mrs. Craig was brought to this city from her home in Wapakoneta, and was taken to the hospital Saturday she underwent an operation for cancer and the first indications were encouraging. Later, the patient began to decline and continued to sink until she passed into the endless sleep of death, this morning.

Mrs. Craig was born in Morgan county about 46 years ago. In 1892 she was married to Samuel Craig and was a resident of Wapakoneta from that time on. She leaves a host of friends who will learn of her death with deep regret. The remains were conveyed to the Bennett morgue this noon, where they were prepared for burial. At 4:20 o'clock this afternoon the sorrowing husband, who has been constantly at the sufferer's side since she was brought here Friday, accompanied the remains to Wapakoneta, where funeral services and interment arrangements will be made later.

M. D. ASKINS

Passes Away After an Illness of Two Weeks.

After an illness of about two weeks duration, death relieved the sufferings of Milton D. Askins, son of Mrs. Peter Askins of 535 south Pine street. Deceased was born March 15th, 1871, and was car inspector of one of the local railroads.

At 9 o'clock Saturday morning funeral services will be held from the late residence, under the auspices of the Modern Woodmen of America, of which order Mr. Askins was an earnest member. At 10:30 o'clock, services will be held at the First Methodist church. Interment will be made in Greenlawn cemetery.

The wife of Milton Askins preceded him into eternity about a year ago.

The electric spark goes through every vein and every nerve. A pleasant feeling creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea, making young the aged and feeble. Ask your druggist.

DRY BLUEM GOODS

LIMA'S BUSIEST STORE.

DRY BLUEM GOODS

Can save you more money in this great reduction and half-priced sale of ready-to-wear garments than the most economical shopper could guess. Prices are half and less, one-third and one-quarter off of up-to-date and newest styles this season has brought out.

There are no better dressed nor any more critical people that those living in this city and we pride ourselves on supplying the largest share of this trade. Every garment we offer now is a bargain and that means something in this store. A bargain offered by others is an entirely different thing, as we have but one standard, which is the

"BLUEM STANDARD."

for excellence, durability, style and moderate price.

Children's Half Priced Coats.

These coats are a superior grade of cloth and in all colors and sizes, from 2 to 10 years of age, and this season's best styles. Trimming is beautiful. Applique, silk, and fur. Nothing any more dressy this season and hard to equal any coming season. Such prices are moving them fast so be early before sizes are broken. We must have the room for new spring goods.

$6.00 values, now $3.75.
$5.00 values, now $3.98.
$4.00 values, now $2.00.
$3.50 values, now $1.98.
$3.00 values, now $1.50.

Ladies' Coats Reduced.

The reductions in ladies' coats are great money savers and those fortunate enough to be in need of an outer garment can save as much as $15 00 on the high class grades and proportionately as much on the medium and cheaper grades. The box effect Raglan and 42 inch coats are all included in this reduction. All sizes.

$30.00 values, now $15.00.
$25.00 values, now $15.00.
$20.00 values, now $15.00.
$16.50 values, now $14.50.
$15.00 values, now $10.00.
$10.00 values, now $8.75.

Less than Half Priced Short Coats.

A long coat is not alway practical or convenient, and still a coat must be worn at all times on some occasions. We are now offering a few short coats at prices that will soon clear out the lot. Sizes for young misses and 34, 36 and 38 for ladies.

$10.00 values, now $3.75.
$7.50 values, now $3 75.
$5.00 values, now $2 98.
$3.00 values, now $1 98.

Flannel Waists.

98c.

These beautiful waists were made to sell at $2 98 each and are beautiful new styles. Not such as are usually seen in special sales, but fine goods. Made to fit correctly and trimmed right up to the latest fads. Tucked, pleated and velvet piped. Some are fancy silk stitched. Others velvet trimmed and all with stock collars and bishop sleeves. All sizes and colors in the lot.

A small lot $1.00 values at

49c.

Dressing Jackets.

Comfort and elegance are both essential in house negligee and in this line of jackets both can be found. Some Applique, others satin trimmed and still others in serviceable lace or silk and the whole line at a saving of one-half price. All colors and sizes.

$3.00 values, now $1.50.
$2 00 values, now $1.00.
$1.50 values, now 75c.
$1.00 values, now 50c.

Bargain Wrappers.

Who would think of making a wrapper that would cost them $2.50 or $2.75 when the same thing could be bought all ready to put on and of good material and well trimmed at

98c

Your bother and worry is worth more than this price, even if you don't count your labor worth anything.

$3.75 values
$2.50 values
$3.00 values
$1.50 values
98c.

DRY BLUEM GOODS

Dress Goods, Suit House. 55-57 Pub. Sq.

DRY BLUEM GOODS

The Great Twenty-five Per Cent Discount Sale

Is making January a great trade month here. People realize that a reduction sale at THE MAMMOTH is a bona-fide proposition.

No spasmodic preparations or spurious advertising is necessary for these sales.

Twice a year at the winding up of the season's trade we announce these one-fourth off sales and every sale makes a permanent customer for us.

Overcoats At 1-4 Off. Suits At 1-4 Off. Trousers At 1-4 Off.

For men, for boys, for children.

Special Offerings for Friday Only!

Children's pure wool Sweaters, fancy stripe, button at neck, the kind that sell all over $1.00, the kind we have been selling at 89c, (ages 2, 4, 5 and 6 years only,)

On Friday we offer them at 50 cents.

Tomorrow (Friday) only we offer our entire stock of Men's $1.50 Manhattan Shirts at $1.13 each. Tomorrow only.

THE MAMMOTH.

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